BRAKE SYSTEM

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PRECAUTIONS

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR **BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"**

The supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER" used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of driver air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), front passenger air bag module (located on the instrument panel on passenger side), seat belt pre-tensioners, a diagnosis sensor unit, a crash zone sensor (4WD models), warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable.

Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the RS section of this Service Manual.

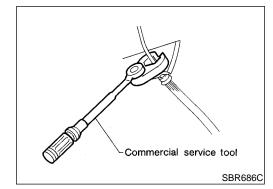
WARNING:

To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.

Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, refer to RS-16.

Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. Spiral cable and wiring harnesses (except "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER") covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or for the complete harness are related to the SRS.

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Precautions for Brake System

NGBR0002 AT

- Use brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

To clean master cylinder parts, disc brake caliper parts or wheel cylinder parts, use clean brake fluid.

Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. They will ruin rubber parts of hydraulic system.

Use flare nut wrench when removing and installing brake

Always torque brake lines when installing.

WARNING:

Clean brakes with a vacuum dust collector to minimize risk of health hazard from powder caused by friction.

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Wiring Diagrams and Trouble Diagnosis

When you read wiring diagrams, refer to the followings:

NGBR0003

"HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS" refer to GI-10.

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"POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit refer to *EL-9*.

When you perform trouble diagnosis, refer to the followings:

SC

"HOW TO FOLLOW TEST GROUP IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" refer to GI-34.

EL

"HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT" refer to GI-23.

NT724

Special Service Tools The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here. Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name KV40106500 (JS25852-B) Wheel bearing puller Removing rear wheel sensor rotor

Commercial Service Tools

NGBR0005

Tool name	Description	
1 Flare nut crowfoot 2 Torque wrench	NT360	Removing and installing each brake piping a: 10 mm (0.39 in)
Brake fluid pressure gauge	N1300	Measuring brake fluid pressure
Rear wheel sensor rotor drift	NT151	Installing rear wheel sensor rotor a: 75 mm (2.95 in) dia. b: 63 mm (2.48 in) dia.

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

NVH Troubleshooting Chart

NVH Troubleshooting Chart

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Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.																						
Reference	page		BR-25	BR-19, 25	BR-23	BR-18	I	I	BR-21, 25	I	I	I	BR-21	BR-25	NVH, PD-4 .	NVH, <i>PD-14, PD-40,</i> <i>PD-62.</i>	NVH, AX-3 .	NVH, AX-3 .	NVH, SU-3 .	NVH, SU-3 .	NVH, SU-3 .	NVH, ST-5 .
Possible c and SUSP	ause ECTED PA	ARTS	Linings or pads - damaged	Linings or pads - uneven wear	Return spring damaged	Shims damaged	Rotor or drum imbalance	Rotor or drum damage	Rotor or drum runout	Rotor or drum deformation	Rotor or drum deflection	Rotor or drum rust	Rotor thickness variation	Drum out of round	PROPELLER SHAFT	DIFFERENTIAL	DRIVE SHAFT	AXLE	SUSPENSION	TIRES	ROAD WHEEL	STEERING
Noise		Noise	×	×	×	×									×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Symptom	BRAKE	Shake					×								×		×	×	×	×	×	×
		Shimmy, Judder					×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×				×	×	×	×	×

×: Applicable

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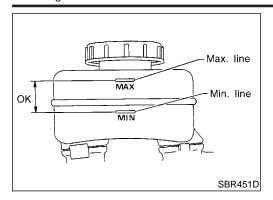
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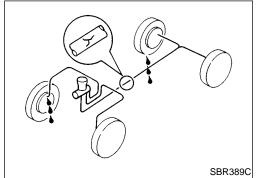
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Checking Brake Fluid Level

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- Check fluid level in reservoir tank. It should be between Max and Min lines on reservoir tank.
- If fluid level is extremely low, check brake system.
- If the brake warning lamp comes on, check brake fluid level switch and parking brake switch.



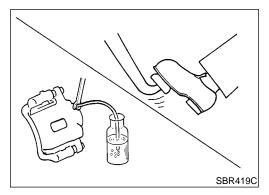
Checking Brake Line

NGBR0007

CAUTION:

If leakage occurs around joints, retighten or, if necessary, replace damaged parts.

- 1. Check brake lines (tubes and hoses) for cracks, deterioration and other damage. Replace any damaged parts.
- 2. Check for oil leakage by fully depressing brake pedal while engine is running.



Changing Brake Fluid

NGBR0008

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Always keep fluid level higher than minimum line on reservoir tank.
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- 1. Clean inside of reservoir tank, and refill with new brake fluid.
- Connect a vinyl tube to each air bleeder valve.
- 3. Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve by depressing brake pedal.
- Refill until brake fluid comes out of each air bleeder valve.
 Use same procedure as in bleeding hydraulic system to refill brake fluid.

Refer to "Bleeding Brake System", BR-8.

Brake Burnishing Procedure

Burnish the brake contact surfaces according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

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CAUTION:

Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

- 1. Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals to 3 to 5 seconds.
- 3. To cool the brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.

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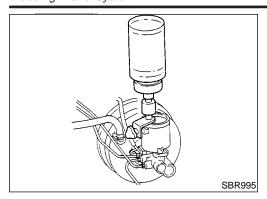
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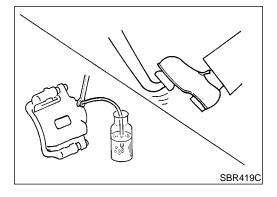


Bleeding Brake System

CAUTION:

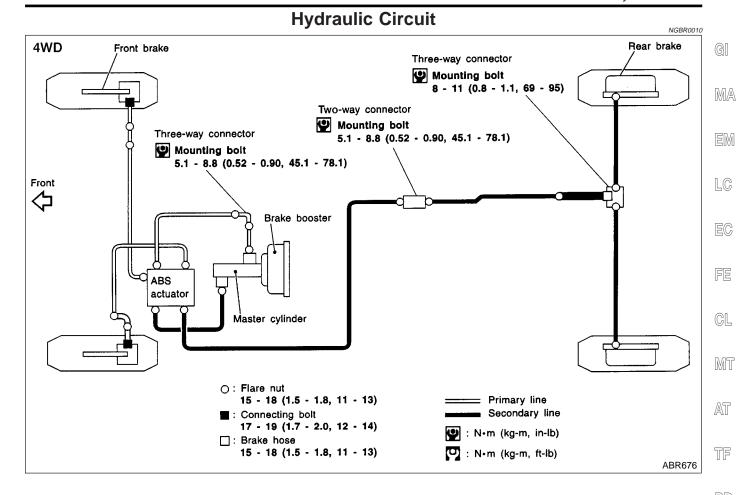
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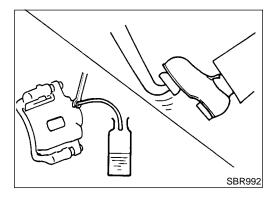
- Carefully monitor brake fluid level at master cylinder during bleeding operation.
- If master cylinder is suspected to have air inside, bleed air from master cylinder first. Refer to "Installation", "MAS-TER CYLINDER", BR-15.
- Fill reservoir with new brake fluid "DOT 3". Make sure it is full at all times while bleeding air out of system.
- Place a container under master cylinder to avoid spillage of brake fluid.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect ABS actuator connectors or battery ground cable.
- Bleed air in the following order.
- 1. Left rear brake
- 2. Right rear brake
- 3. Left front brake
- 4. Right front brake



- 1. Connect a transparent vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- 2. Fully depress brake pedal several times.
- With brake pedal depressed, open air bleeder valve to release air.
- 4. Close air bleeder valve.
- Release brake pedal slowly.
- Repeat steps 1. through 4. until clear brake fluid comes out of air bleeder valve.
- Tighten air bleeder valve to specified torque.

(0.7 - 0.9 kg-m, 61 - 78 in-lb)





Removal

CAUTION:

 Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

 All hoses must be free from excessive bending, twisting and pulling.

1. Connect vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.

Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve by depressing brake pedal.

Remove flare nut connecting brake tube and hose, then withdraw lock spring.

 Cover openings to prevent entrance of dirt whenever disconnecting brake line.

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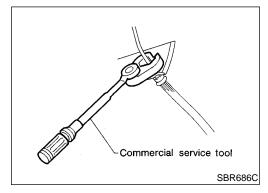
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Inspection

NGBR00

Check brake lines (tubes and hoses) for cracks, deterioration and other damage. Replace any damaged parts.



Installation

NGBR0013

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Tighten all flare nuts and connecting bolts.

Flare nut:

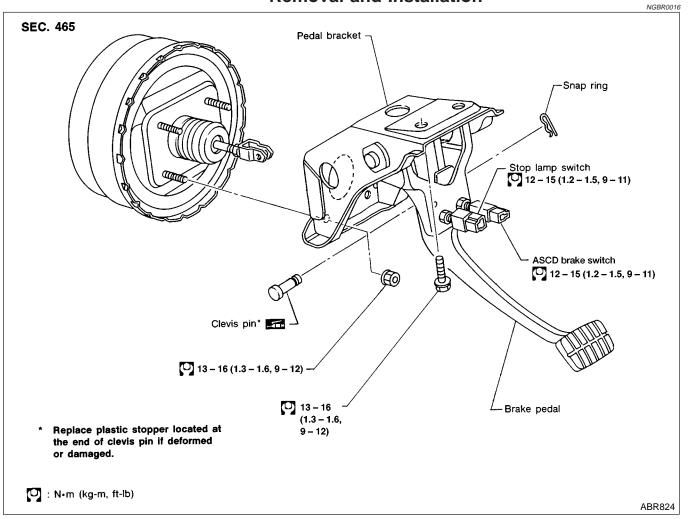
(1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb)

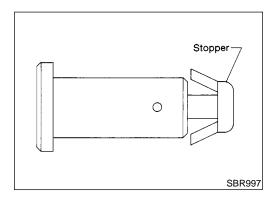
Connecting bolt:

(1.7 - 2.0 kg-m, 12 - 14 ft-lb)

- 2. Refill until new brake fluid comes out of each air bleeder valve.
- 3. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System", BR-8.

Removal and Installation





Inspection

Check brake pedal for following items.

- Brake pedal bend
- Clevis pin deformation
- Crack of any welded portion
- Crack or deformation of clevis pin stopper

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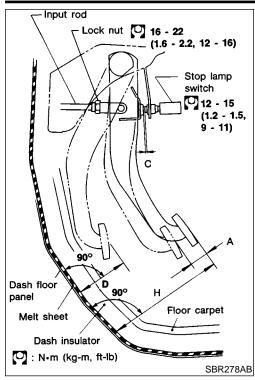
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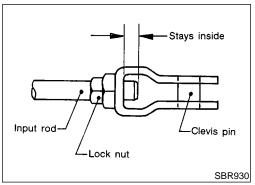
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Adjustment

Check brake pedal free height from metal floor.

H: Free height

Refer to SDS (BR-73).

D: Depressed height

Refer to SDS (BR-73).

Under force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with engine running

NGBR0018

 ${\rm C_1},~{\rm C_2}$: Clearance between pedal stopper and threaded end of stop lamp switch and ASCD switch

0.3 - 1.0 mm (0.012 - 0.039 in)

A: Pedal free play

1 - 3 mm (0.04 - 0.12 in)

If necessary, adjust brake pedal free height.

 Loosen lock nut and adjust pedal free height by turning brake booster input rod. Then tighten lock nut.

Make sure that tip of input rod stays inside.

- 2. Adjust clearance " C_1 " and " C_2 " with stop lamp switch and ASCD switch respectively. Then tighten lock nuts.
- 3. Check pedal free play.

Make sure that stop lamp is off when pedal is released.

4. Check brake pedal's depressed height while engine is running. If depressed height is below specified value, check brake system for leaks, accumulation of air or any damage to components (master cylinder, wheel cylinder, etc.). Then make necessary repairs.

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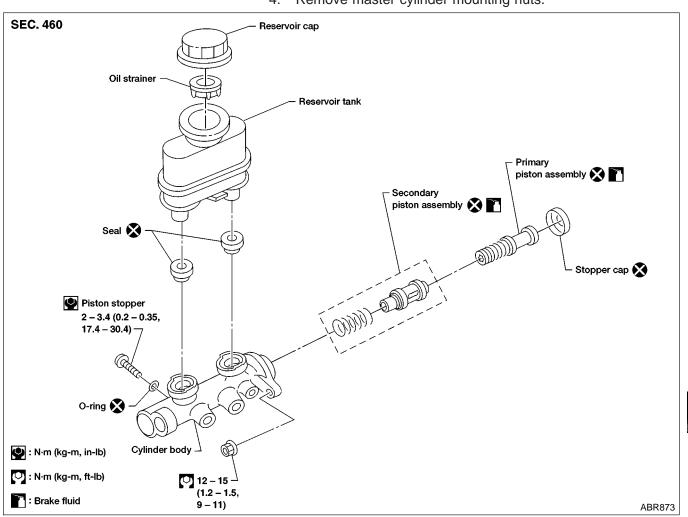
Removal

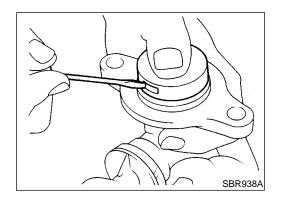
CAUTION:

 Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

 In the case of brake fluid leakage from the master cylinder, disassemble the cylinder. Then check piston cups for deformation and scratches and replace necessary parts.

- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- 2. Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve, depressing brake pedal to empty fluid from master cylinder.
- 3. Remove brake pipe flare nuts.
- 4. Remove master cylinder mounting nuts.





Disassembly

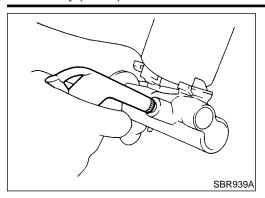
1. Bend claws of stopper cap outward.

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Disassembly (Cont'd)



- 2. Remove piston stopper while piston is pushed into cylinder.
- 3. Remove piston assemblies.

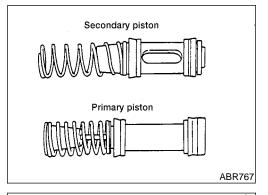
If it is difficult to remove secondary piston assembly, gradually apply compressed air through fluid outlet.

4. Draw out reservoir tank.

Inspection

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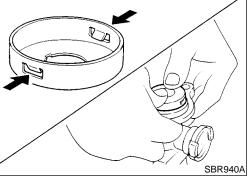
Check master cylinder inner wall for pin holes and scratches. Replace if damaged.



Assembly

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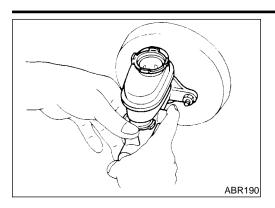
- Insert secondary piston assembly. Then insert primary piston assembly.
- Pay attention to direction of piston cups in figure at left.
 Also, insert pistons squarely to avoid scratches on cylinder bore.



2. Install stopper cap.

Before installing stopper cap, ensure that claws are bent inward.

- 3. Push reservoir tank seals into cylinder body.
- 4. Push reservoir tank into cylinder body.



Installation

CAUTION:

3.

=NGBR0023

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Place master cylinder onto brake booster and secure mounting nuts lightly.
- 2. Torque mounting nuts.

Fill up reservoir tank with new brake fluid.



- Plug all ports on master cylinder with fingers to prevent air suction while releasing brake pedal.
- Have driver depress brake pedal slowly several times until no air comes out of master cylinder.
- Fit brake lines to master cylinder. 6.
- Tighten flare nuts.

Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System", BR-8.

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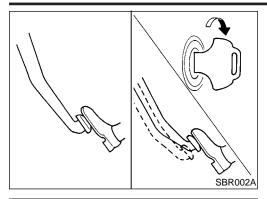
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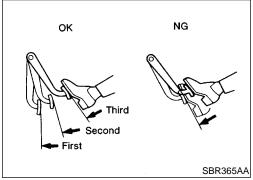
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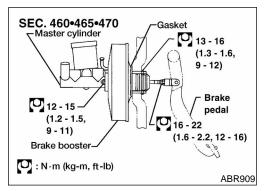
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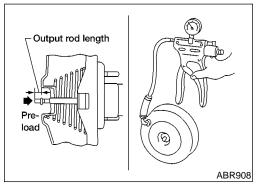
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On-vehicle Service OPERATING CHECK

NGBR0024

NGBR0024S01

- Depress brake pedal several times with engine off. After exhausting vacuum, make sure there is no change in pedal stroke.
- 2. Depress brake pedal, then start engine. If pedal goes down slightly, operation is normal.

AIRTIGHT CHECK

SBR002450

- 1. Start engine, and stop it after one or two minutes. Depress brake pedal several times slowly. Booster is airtight if pedal stroke is less each time.
- 2. Depress brake pedal while engine is running, and stop engine with pedal depressed. The pedal stroke should not change after holding pedal down for **30 seconds**.

Removal

NGBR0025

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Be careful not to deform or bend brake pipes, during removal of booster.

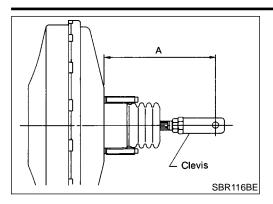
Inspection OUTPUT ROD LENGTH CHECK

NGBR0026

- 1. Apply vacuum of -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg) to brake booster with a hand vacuum pump.
- 2. Add preload of 19.6 N (2.0 kg, 4.4 lb) to output rod length.
- Check output rod length.

Specified length:

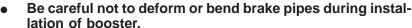
10.275 - 10.525 mm (0.4045 - 0.4144 in)



Installation

CAUTION:





- Replace clevis pin if damaged.
- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.

Take care not to damage brake booster mounting bolt thread when installing. Due to the narrow angle of installation, the threads can be damaged by the dash panel.

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A: 138.5 mm (5.45 in)

1. Before fitting booster, temporarily adjust clevis to dimension

EG

Fit booster, then secure mounting nuts (brake pedal bracket to brake booster) lightly.

- Connect brake pedal and booster input rod with clevis pin.
 - Secure mounting nuts.

Specification: 13 - 16 N·m (1.3 - 1.6 kg-m, 9 - 12 ft-lb)

GL

5. Install master cylinder. Refer to "Installation" in "MASTER CYLINDER", BR-15.

MT

6. Adjust brake pedal height and free play. Refer to "Adjustment" in "BRAKE PEDAL AND BRACKET", BR-12.

AT

Secure lock nut for clevis.

(1.6 - 2.2 N·m (1.6 - 2.2 kg-m, 12 - 16 ft-lb)

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Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System", BR-8.

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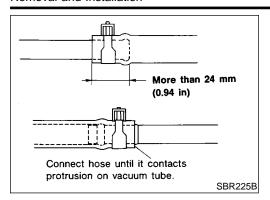
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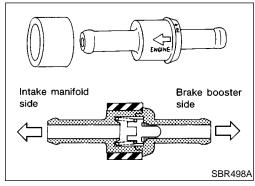
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Removal and Installation

NGBR0029

CAUTION:

When installing vacuum hoses, pay attention to the following points.

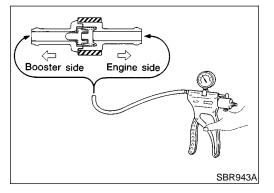
- Do not apply any oil or lubricants to vacuum hose and check valve.
- Insert vacuum tube into vacuum hose as shown.
- Install check valve, paying attention to its direction.

Inspection HOSES AND CONNECTORS

NGBR0030

NODITOOSE

Check vacuum lines, connections and check valve for airtightness, improper attachment chafing and deterioration.



CHECK VALVE

NGBR0030S02

Check vacuum with a vacuum pump.

Connect to booster side	Vacuum should exist.
Connect to engine side	Vacuum should not exist.

Pad Replacement

WARNING:

NGBR0032

Clean brakes with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

CAUTION:

When cylinder body is open, do not depress brake pedal, or piston will pop out.

Be careful not to damage piston boot or get oil on rotor. Always replace shims when replacing pads.

MA

If shims are rusted or show peeling of the rubber coat, replace them with new shims.

It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend cylinder body with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.

Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.

GL

MT

Remove master cylinder reservoir cap.

AT

Remove lower pin bolt.

AX

Open cylinder body upward. Then remove pad retainers, and inner and outer shims.



Standard pad thickness:

11 mm (0.43 in)

Pad wear limit:

2.0 mm (0.079 in)

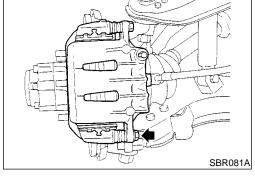
Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.

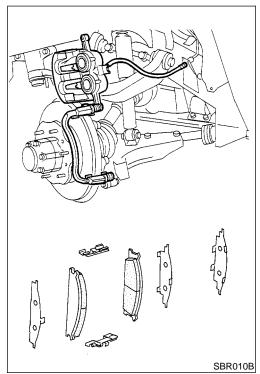
 BR

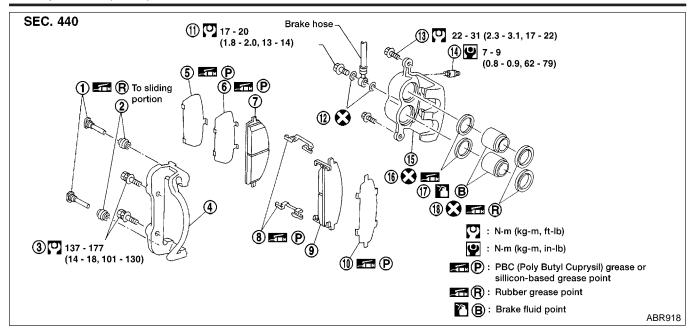
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Removal

WARNING:

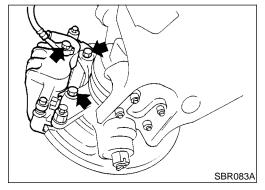
Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

NGBR0033

NGBR0034

CAUTION:

Suspend caliper assembly with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.



Remove torque member fixing bolts and connecting bolt.

It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend caliper assembly with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.

Disassembly

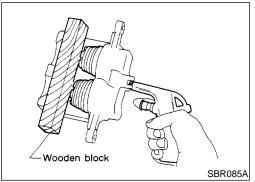
WARNING:

Do not place your fingers in front of piston.

CAUTION:

Do not scratch or score cylinder wall.

- Push out piston with dust seal with compressed air.
- 2. Remove piston seal with a suitable tool.



Inspection

CALIPER

NGBR0035



Cylinder Body

NGBR0035S0101 Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust, wear, damage and presence of foreign objects. If any of the above conditions are observed, replace cylinder body.

MA

Minor damage from rust or foreign objects may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper. Replace cylinder body if necessary.

EM

CAUTION:

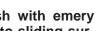
Use brake fluid to clean. Never use mineral oil.

LC

Piston

CAUTION:

NGBR0035S0102



Piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign objects are stuck to sliding surface.

Check pistons for uneven surface, chips or cracks. Replace if any of these conditions are observed.

GL

Slide Pin, Pin Bolt and Pin Boot

Check for wear, cracks, rust and other damage. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

MIT

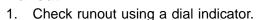
ROTOR

Runout

SBR089A

NGBR0035S02

NGBR0035S0201



Make sure that wheel bearing axial end play is within the specifications before measuring. Refer to AX-4 "Front Wheel Bearing" in AX section. ("Front Wheel Bearing", "ON VEHICLE SERVICE").

Maximum runout:

0.07 mm (0.0028 in)

If the runout is out of specification, machine rotor with on-car brake lathe ("MAD, DL-8700", "AMMCO 700 and 705" or equivalent).



ST



NGBR0035S0202



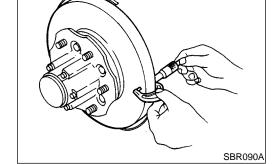
HA

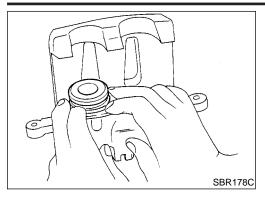
If thickness variation exceeds the specification, turn rotor with oncar brake lathe.

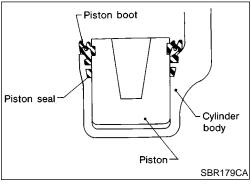
SC

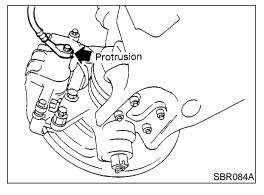
Rotor repair limit: 26.0 mm (1.024 in)











Assembly

Insert piston seal into groove on cylinder body.

- 2. With piston boot fitted to piston, insert piston boot into groove on cylinder body and install piston.
- Properly secure piston boot

CAUTION:

- Secure dust seal property.
- Lubricate with new brake fluid before installing plastic pistons into cylinder body.

Installation

NGBR0037

NGBR0036

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Install caliper assembly.
- Install brake hose to caliper securely.
- Install all parts and secure all bolts.
- 4. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System", BR-8.

Brake Burnishing Procedure

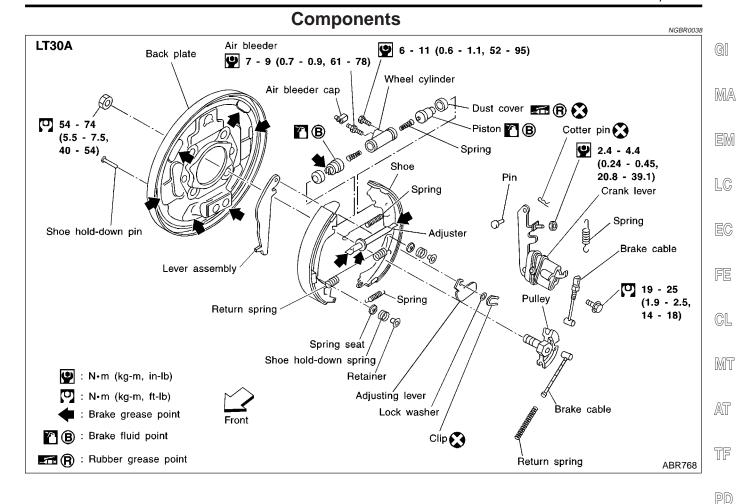
NGBROOS

When experiencing soft brake pedal feel at very low mileage, or after replacing the rotor, burnish the brake pad contact surfaces according to the following procedures.

CAUTION:

Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

- Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal/foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- 3. To cool the brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.



Removal

NGBR0039

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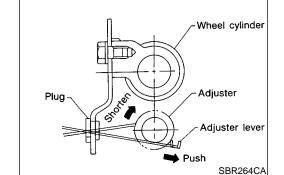
ST

WARNING:

Clean brake lining with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne asbestos or other materials.

CAUTION:

Make sure parking brake lever is released completely.

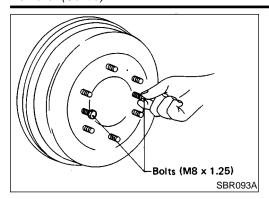


- . Release parking brake lever fully, then remove drum.
- If drum is hard to remove, the following procedures should be carried out.
- a. Remove plug. Shorten adjuster to make clearance between brake shoe and drum as shown

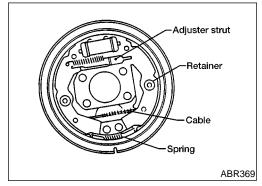
HA

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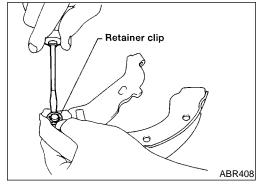


Install two bolts as shown. Tighten the two bolts gradually.

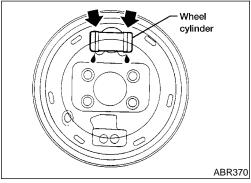


2. After removing retainer, remove spring by rotating shoes. Be careful not to damage wheel cylinder piston boots. Be careful not to damage parking brake cable when separating it.

- Remove adjuster.
- Disconnect parking brake cable from toggle lever.



Remove retainer ring with a suitable tool. Then separate toggle lever and brake shoe.

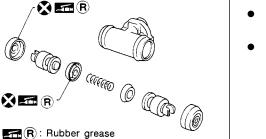


Inspection WHEEL CYLINDER

NGBR0040 NGBR0040S01

Check wheel cylinder for leakage.

Check for wear, damage and loose conditions. Replace if any such condition exists.



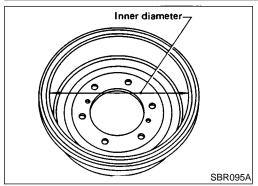
SBR215B

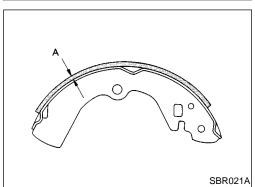
Wheel Cylinder Overhaul

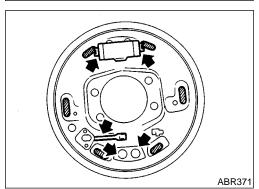
- Check all internal parts for wear, rust and damage. Replace if necessary.
- Pay attention so as not to scratch cylinder when installing pistons.

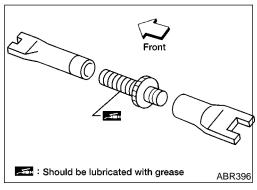
NGBR0042

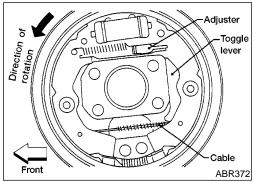
NGBR0042S01











Inspection DRUM

Maximum inner diameter (Repair limit): LT30A 296.5 mm (11.67 in)

Contact surface should be fine finished with No. 120 to 150

emery paper.
Using a drum lathe, lathe brake drum if it shows scoring, partial wear or stepped wear.

 After brake drum has been completely reconditioned or replaced, check drum and shoes for proper contact pattern.

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LINING

Check lining thickness.

Standard lining thickness: LT30A 5.8 mm (0.228 in) Lining wear limit (A): LT30A 1.5 mm (0.059 in) NGBR0042S02

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Installation

Always perform shoe clearance adjustment. Refer to BR-28.

R-28.

Burnish the brake contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to "Brake Burnishing Procedure", "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE", BR-22

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1. Fit toggle lever to brake shoe with retainer clip.

Apply brake grease to the contact areas shown at left.

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3. Shorten adjuster by rotating it.

Pay attention to direction of adjuster.

Wheel	Screw	depression
Left	Left-hand thread	Yes
Right	Right-hand thread	No

4. Connect parking brake cable to toggle lever.

5. Install all parts.

Be careful not to damage wheel cylinder piston boots.

6. Check all parts are installed properly.

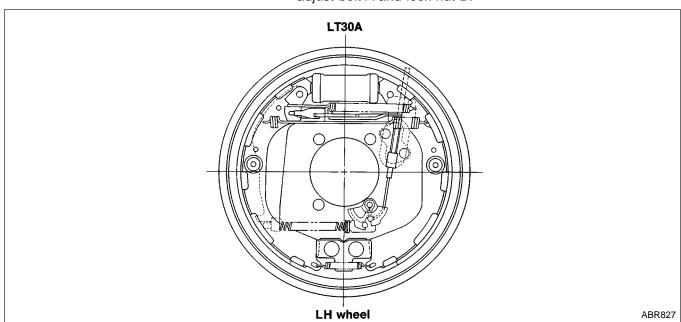
 After installations completed, adjust shoe-to-drum clearance.

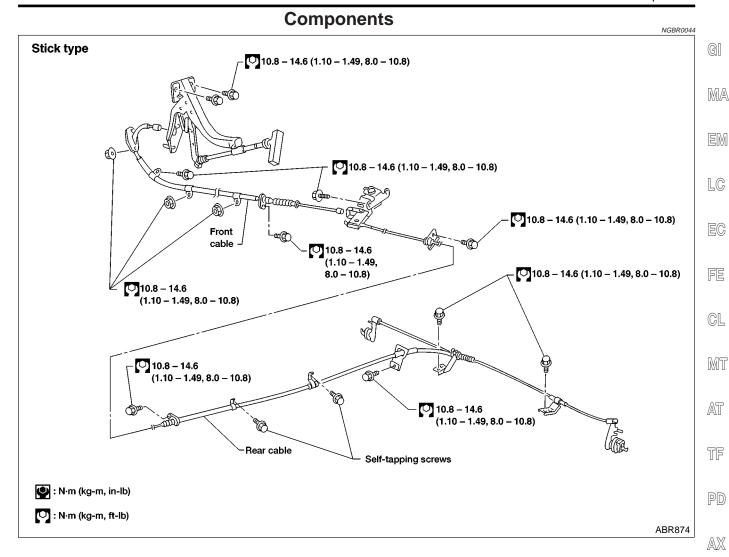
Pay attention to direction of adjuster assembly.

- 7. Install brake drum.
- 8. When installing new wheel cylinder or overhauling wheel cylinder, bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System", BR-8.
- 9. Adjust parking brake. Refer to "Adjustment", "PARKING BRAKE CONTROL", BR-28.
- Install all the parts by referring to to the figure below.
- After installing crank lever on back plate, make sure that there

DW.

is no play between crank lever and back plate. If play exists, adjust bolt A and lock nut B.





Removal and Installation

NGBR0045

Be careful not to damage cable.

Make sure there is no free play after installation.

Inspection

- 1. Check control lever for wear and other damage. Replace if necessary.
- 2. Check wires for discontinuity and deterioration. Replace if necessary.
- 3. Check warning lamp and switch. Replace if necessary.
- 4. Check part at each connecting portion and, if found deformed or damaged, replace.

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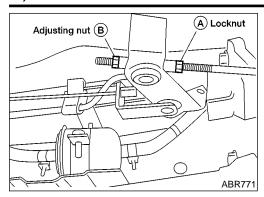
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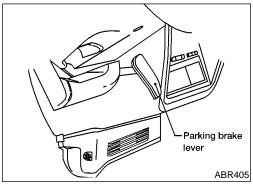
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PARKING BRAKE CONTROL

Adjustment





Adjustment

NGBR0047

Adjust parking brake as follows:

- 1. Fully release parking brake lever.
- 2. Loosen A and rotate B until parking brake cable loosens.
- 3. Depress brake pedal several times until clicking sound does not occur from rear brakes.
- 4. Adjust clearance between rear brake shoe and drum.
- 5. Adjust parking lever stroke by rotating B.
- 6. Pull parking brake lever with specified force. Check lever stroke and ensure smooth operation.
- 7. Readjust clearance between rear brake shoe and drum.

DESCRIPTION



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Purpose

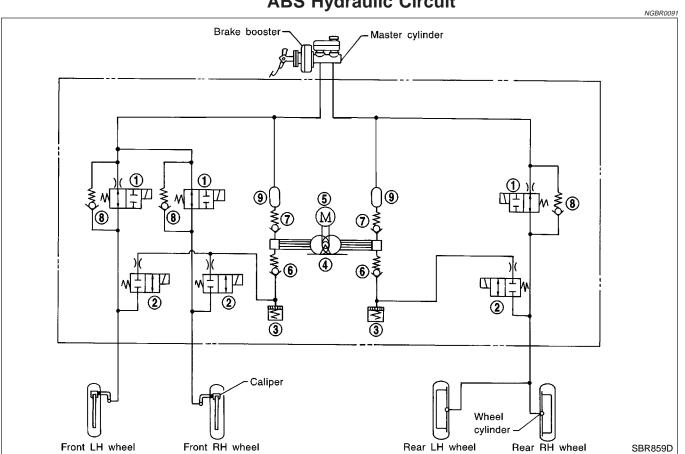
The Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) consists of electronic and hydraulic components. It allows for control of braking force so locking of the wheels can be avoided.

- 1) Improves proper tracking performance through steering wheel operation.
- 2) Eases obstacle avoidance through steering wheel operation.
- Improves vehicle stability.

Operation

- When the vehicle speed is less than 10 km/h (6 MPH) this system does not work.
- The Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) has a self-test function. The system turns on the ABS warning lamp for 1 second each time the ignition switch is turned ON. After the engine is started, the ABS warning lamp turns off. The system performs a test the first time the vehicle reaches 6 km/h (4 MPH). A mechanical noise may be heard as the ABS performs this self-test. This is a normal part of the self-test feature. If a malfunction is found during this check, the ABS warning lamp will stay on.
- While driving, a mechanical noise may be heard during ABS operation. This is a normal condition.

ABS Hydraulic Circuit



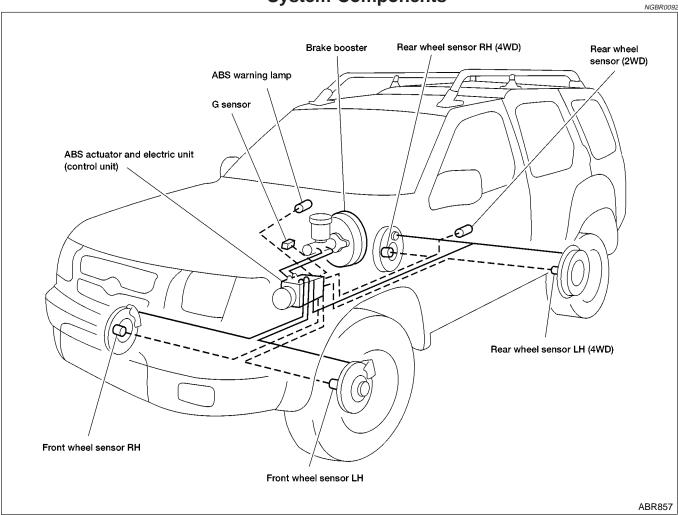
- Inlet solenoid valve
- 2. Outlet solenoid valve
- 3. Pump

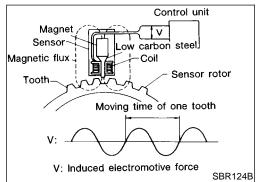
- 4. Motor
- 5. Bypass check valve

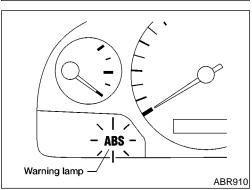
- 6. Damper
- Solenoid valve relay actuator

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System Components







System Description WHEEL SENSOR

NGBR0093

sor element. The element contains a bar magnet around which a coil is wound. The front sensors are installed on the back of the front brake rotors. For 2-wheel drive systems a single sensor is installed at the companion flange of the rear axle housing and for 4-wheel drive systems there is a sensor installed at each rear brake

The sensor units consist of a gear-shaped sensor rotor and a sen-

4-wheel drive systems there is a sensor installed at each rear brake drum. As the wheel rotates, the sensor generates a sine-wave pattern. The frequency and voltage increase(s) as the rotating speed increases.

CONTROL UNIT (BUILT-IN ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT)

The control unit computes the wheel rotating speed by the signal current sent from the sensor. Then it supplies a DC current to the actuator solenoid valve. It also controls ON-OFF operation of the valve relay and motor relay. If any electrical malfunction should be detected in the system, the control unit causes the warning lamp to light up. In this condition, the ABS will be deactivated by the control unit, and the vehicle's brake system reverts to normal operation. (For control unit layout, refer to ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT, BR-31.)

DESCRIPTION

System Description (Cont'd)

NGBR0093S03

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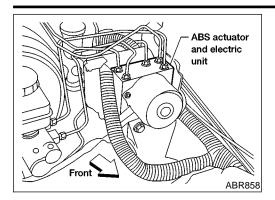
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ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT

The ABS actuator and electric unit contains:

An electric motor and pump

- Two relays
- Six solenoid valves, each inlet and outlet for
 - LH front
 - RH front
 - Rear

ABS control unit

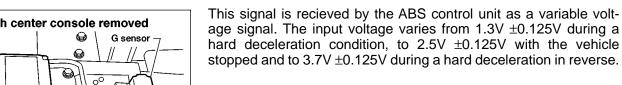
This component controls the hydraulic circuit and increases, holds or decreases hydraulic pressure to all or individual wheels. The ABS actuator and electric unit is serviced as an assembly

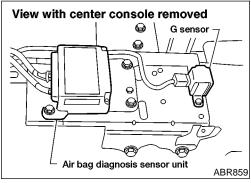
	,	electric unit is serviced as an assembly	
AB:	S Actuator C	peration	NGBR0093S0301
.			

		Inlet solenoid valve	Outlet solenoid valve	
Normal brake operation		OFF (Open)	OFF (Closed)	Master cylinder brake fluid pressure is directly transmitted to caliper via the inlet solenoid valve.
	Pressure hold	ON (Closed)	OFF (Closed)	Hydraulic circuit is shut off to hold the caliper brake fluid pressure.
ABS operation	Pressure decrease	ON (Closed)	ON (Open)	Caliper brake fluid is sent to reservoir via the outlet solenoid valve. Then it is pushed up to the master cylinder by pump.
	Pressure increase	OFF (Open)	OFF (Closed)	Master cylinder brake fluid pressure is transmitted to caliper.

G SENSOR (4WD MODELS)

The G sensor senses deceleration during braking to determine whether the vehicle is being driven on a high μ road (asphalt road, etc.) or a low μ road (snow-covered road, etc.). It then sends a signal to the ABS control unit.





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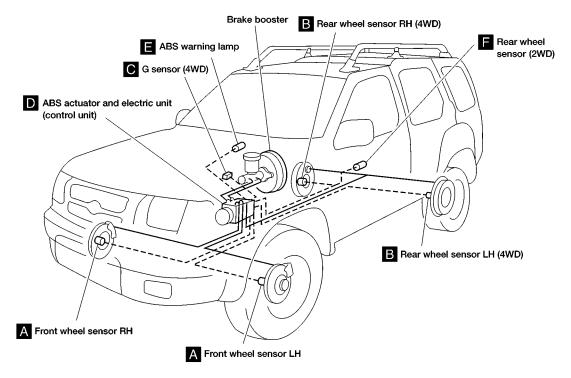
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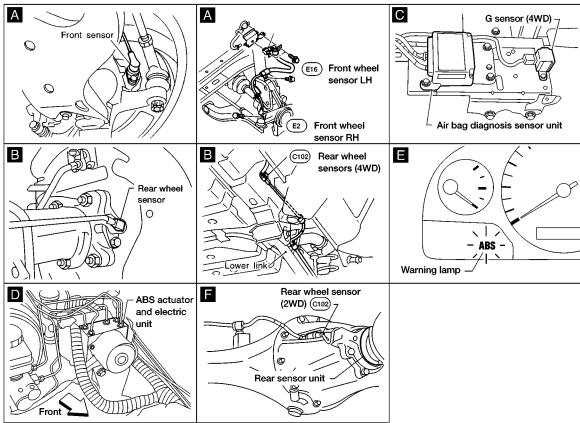
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Component Parts and Harness Connector Location

NGBR0094





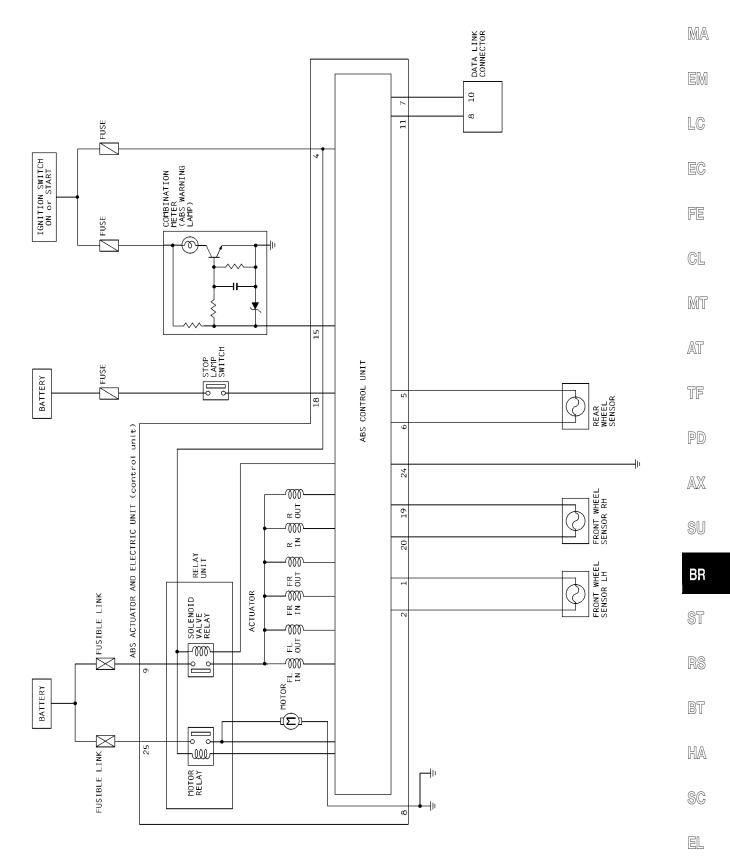
DESCRIPTION



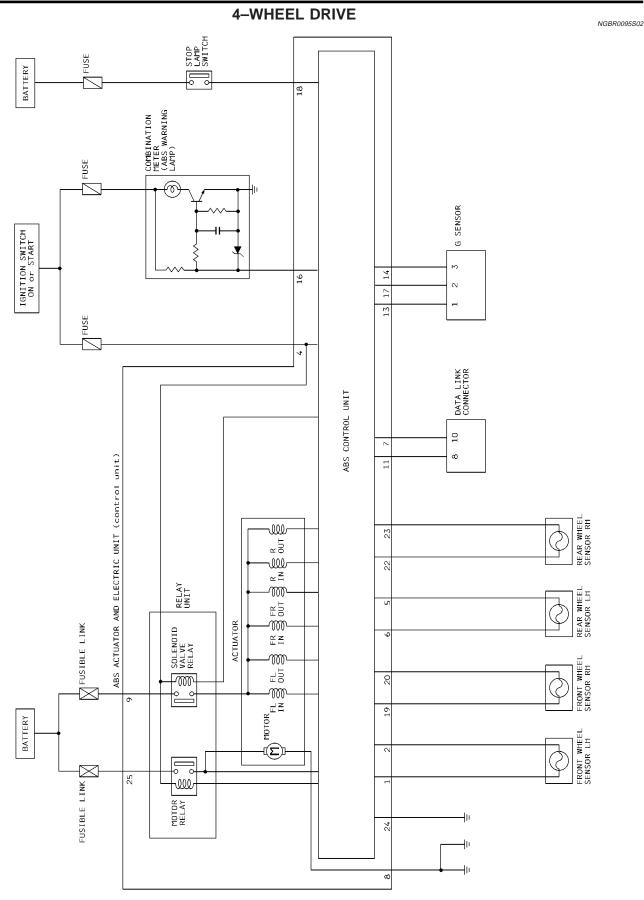


NGBR0095





ABR816

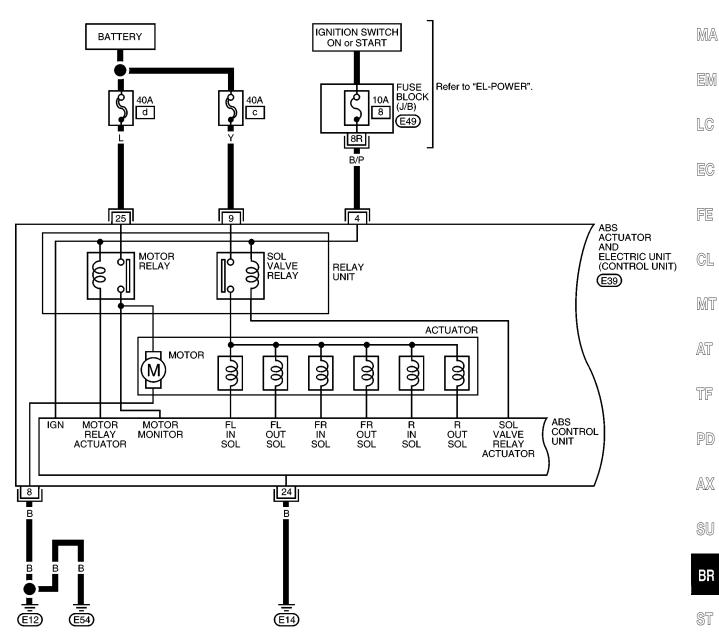


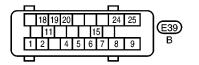
Wiring Diagram — ABS — 2WD —

NGBR0096

GI

BR-ABS-01







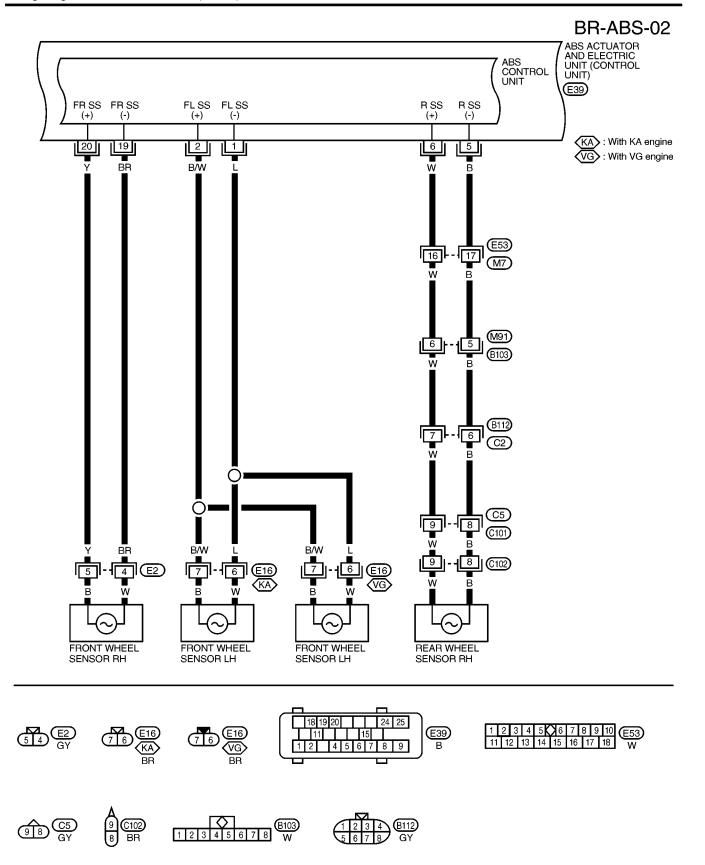
ABR817

RS

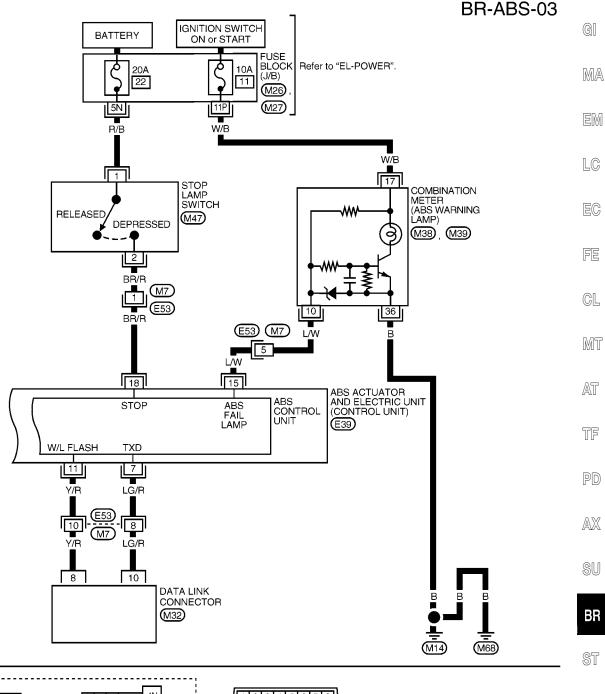
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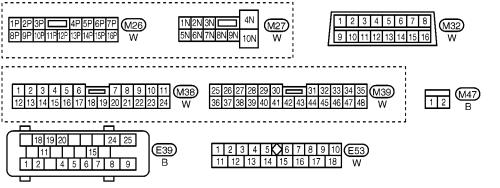
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ABR818





ABR819

RS

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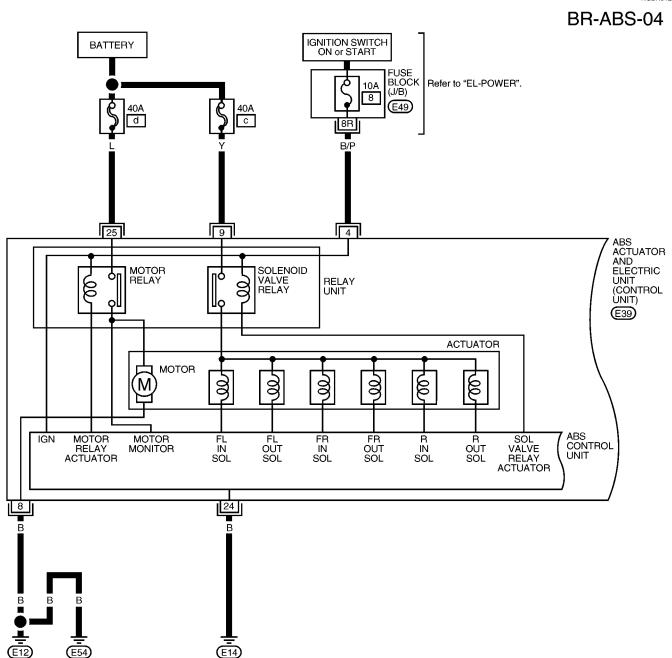
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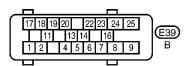
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Wiring Diagram — ABS — 4WD —

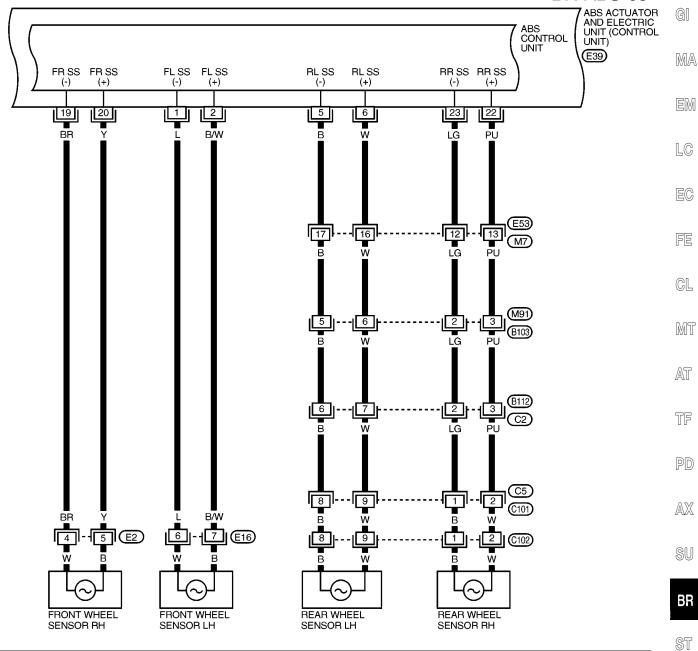
NGBR0122





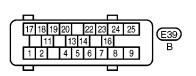


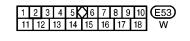


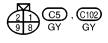


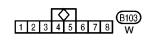














ABR822

 BR

RS

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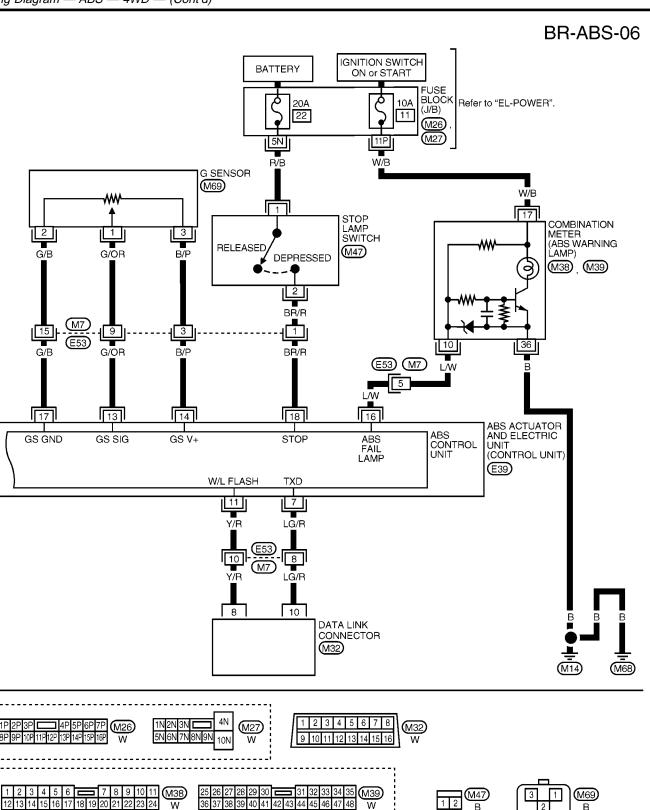
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17 18 19 20 22 23 24 25

11 13 14 16 1 2 4 5 6 7 8 9 E39 B



ABR823

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 W

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Self-diagnosis **FUNCTION**

NGBR0097

When a problem occurs in the ABS, the warning lamp on the instrument panel comes on. [To start the self-diagnostic results mode, ground the self-diagnostic (check) terminal 8 located on the "Data link connector". The location of the malfunction is indicated by the warning lamp flashing]

SELF-DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE

NGBR0097S02

NOTE:

CONSULT-II is not applicable to ABS.

Use on board diagnostic system with ABS warning lamp.

Drive vehicle over 30 km/h (19 MPH) for at least one minute.

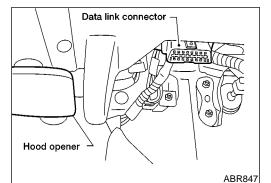
Turn ignition switch OFF.



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- Ground terminal 8 of "Data link connector for CONSULT-II" with a suitable harness.
- Turn ignition switch ON while grounding terminal 8. Do not depress brake pedal.



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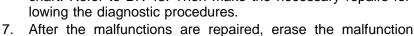
AX

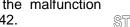


 BR

the malfunction code No. (See NOTE.) Verify the location of the malfunction with the malfunction code chart. Refer to BR-48. Then make the necessary repairs fol-

After 3.0 seconds, the warning lamp starts flashing to indicate





- codes stored in the control unit. Refer to BR-42.
- Rerun the self-diagnostic results mode to verify that the malfunction codes have been erased.



- Disconnect the check terminal from the ground. The self-diag-
- nostic results mode is now complete. 10. Check warning lamp for deactivation after driving vehicle over 30 km/h (19 MPH) for at least one minute.
- 11. After making certain that warning lamp does not come on, test the ABS in a safe area to verify that it functions properly.

NOTE:

The indication terminates after 5 minutes.

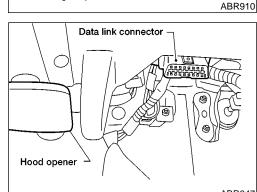
However, when the ignition switch is turned from OFF to ON, the indication starts flashing again.



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ABS -

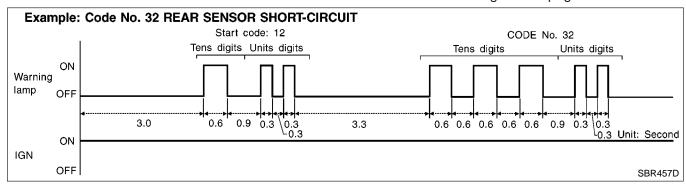
Warning lamp

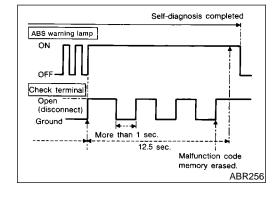


HOW TO READ SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (MALFUNCTION CODES)

=NGBR0097S03

- Determine the code No. by counting the number of times the warning lamp flashes on and off.
- 2. When several malfunctions occur at one time, up to three code numbers can be stored; the latest malfunction will be indicated first.
- The indication begins with the start code 12. After that a maximum of three code numbers appear in the order of the lowesr to highest. The indication then returns to the start code 12 to repeat (the indication will stay on for five minutes at the most).
- 4. The malfunction code chart is given on page BR-48.





HOW TO ERASE SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (MALFUNCTION CODES)

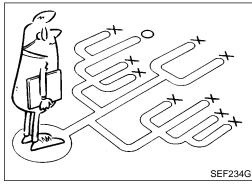
NGBR0097S04

- 1. Disconnect the check terminal from ground (ABS warning lamp will stay lit).
- Within 12.5 seconds, ground the check terminal three times. Each terminal ground must last more than 1 second. The ABS warning lamp goes out after the erase operation has been completed.
- Perform self-diagnosis again. Refer to BR-41. Only the startcode should appear, no malfunction codes.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — INTRODUCTION

How to Perform Trouble Diagnoses for Quick and Accurate Repair





How to Perform Trouble Diagnoses for Quick and Accurate Repair INTRODUCTION

The ABS system has an electronic control unit to control major functions. The control unit accepts input signals from sensors and MA instantly drives the actuators. It is essential that both kinds of signals are proper and stable. It is also important to check for conventional problems: such as air leaks in booster lines, lack of brake fluid, or other problems with the brake system.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or faulty wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspicious circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems, so a road test should be performed.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with an ABS complaint. The customer is a very good source of information on such problems; especially intermittent ones. By talking to the customer, find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This is one of the best ways to troubleshoot brake problems on an ABS controlled vehicle.

Also check related Service bulletins for information.









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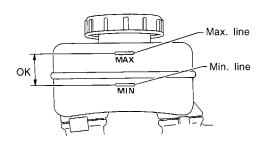
Preliminary Check

			NGBR0101
1 CHECK	S BRAKE FLUID		
Check brake flo	uid for contaminat	on.	
		Has brake fluid been contaminated?	
Yes	•	Replace. GO TO 2.	
No	•	GO TO 2.	

2 CHECK BRAKE FLUID LEVEL

Check brake fluid level in reservoir tank.

Low fluid level may indicate brake pad wear or leakage from brake line.



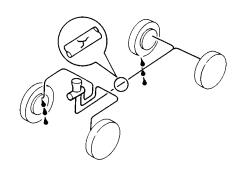
SBR451D

Is brake fluid filled between MAX and MIN lines on reservoir tank?

Yes	GO TO 3.
No •	Fill up brake fluid. GO TO 3.

3 CHECK BRAKE LINE

Check brake line for leakage.



SBR389C

Is leakage present at or around brake lines, tubes or hoses or are any of these parts cracked or damaged?

Yes	Repair. GO TO 4.
No •	GO TO 4.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — BASIC INSPECTION

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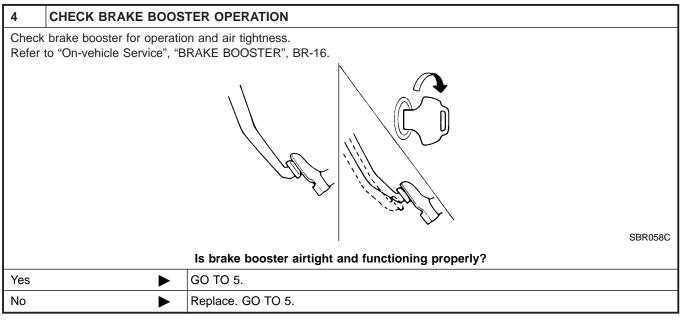
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Preliminary Check (Cont'd)



5	CHECK BRAKE PAD	AND ROTOR	
	ck brake pad and rotor. r to BR-19, 20.		
			SBR059C
		Are brake pads and rotors functioning properly?	CERCOGO
Yes	>	GO TO 6.	
165			

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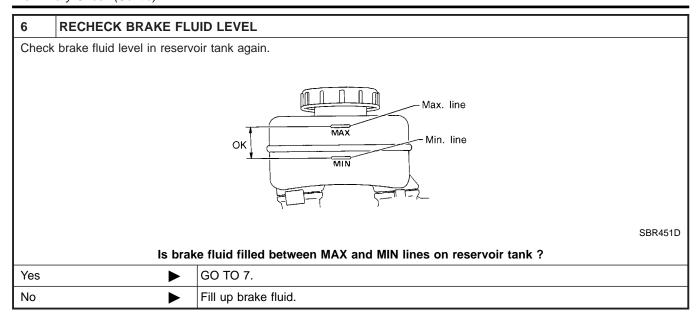
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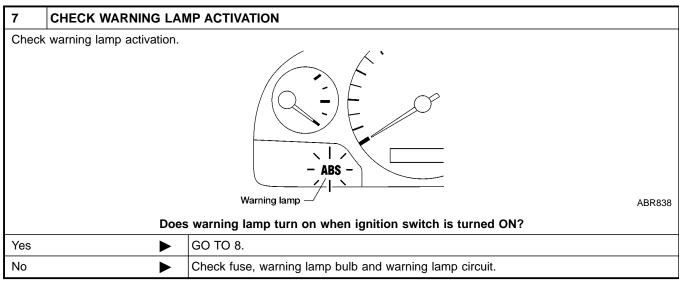
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Preliminary Check (Cont'd)

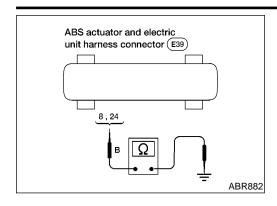




8	CHECK WARNING LAN	CHECK WARNING LAMP DEACTIVATION	
Check	Check warning lamp for deactivation after engine is started.		
	Does warning lamp turn off when engine is started?		
Yes	>	GO TO 9.	
No	>	Go to Self-diagnosis, BR-41.	

9	DRIVE VEHICLE		
Drive v	Drive vehicle at speeds over 30 km/h (19 MPH) for at least one minute.		
D	Does warning lamp remain off after vehicle has been driven at 30 km/h (19 MPH) for at least one minute?		
Yes	>	INSPECTION END	
No	>	Go to Self-diagnosis, BR-41.	

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — BASIC INSPECTION



Ground Circuit CheckABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT GROUND

=NGBR0102

Check continuity between ABS actuator and electric unit connector terminals and ground.

Continuity should exist.

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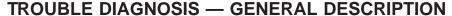
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Malfunction Code/Symptom Chart

Malfunction Code/Symptom Chart NGBR0103 Code No. (No. of warning lamp flashes) Malfunctioning part Reference Page Self-diagnosis could not detect any malfunctions. 12 **17** ★1 G sensor and circuit (4WD) **BR-58** 18 **★**1 Sensor rotor or abnormal tire size **BR-49** 21 *1 **BR-49** Front right sensor Front left sensor 25 *1 **BR-49** 31 *1 Rear right sensor (4WD) **BR-49** 35 *1 Rear left sensor (4WD) or Rear sensor (2WD) **BR-49** 57 ★2 Power supply (Low voltage) **BR-56** 61 ★3 Actuator motor or motor relay **BR-54** 63 BR-52 Solenoid valve relay 71 Control unit or Actuator solenoid valve BR-52, 60 ABS works frequently BR-61 Unexpected pedal action **BR-61** Long stopping distance **BR-63** ABS does not work **BR-63** Pedal vibration and noise **BR-64** Warning lamp does not come on Fuse, warning lamp bulb or warning lamp circuit **BR-64** Control unit when ignition switch is turned ON. Control unit power supply circuit Warning lamp bulb circuit Warning lamp stays on when ignition Control unit or control unit connector **BR-66** switch is turned ON. Solenoid valve relay stuck Power supply for solenoid valve relay coil

^{★1:} If one or more wheels spin on a rough or slippery road for 40 seconds or more, the ABS warning lamp will illuminate. This does not indicate a malfunction. Only in the case of the short-circuit (Code Nos. 26, 22, 32 and 36), after repair the ABS warning lamp also illuminates when the ignition switch is turned ON. In this case, drive the vehicle at speeds greater than 30 km/h (19 MPH) for approximately 1 minute as specified in "SELF-DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE", BR-41. Check to ensure that the ABS warning lamp goes out while the vehicle is being driven.

^{★2:} The trouble code "57", which refers to a low power supply voltage, does not indicate that the ABS control unit is malfunctioning. Do not replace the ABS control unit with a new one.

^{★3:} The trouble code "61" can sometimes appear when the ABS motor is not properly grounded. If it appears, be sure to check the condition of the ABS motor ground circuit connection.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS



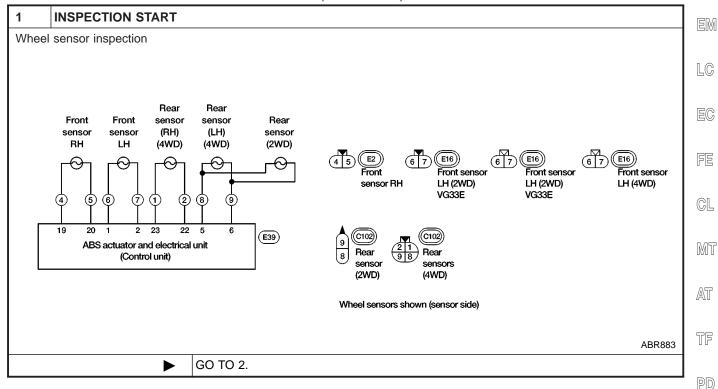
Wheel Sensor or Rotor

Wheel Sensor or Rotor **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**

Malfunction code No. 21, 25, 31, 35, or 18

NOTE:

Wheel position should be distinguished by code No. except code No. 18 (sensor rotor).



2 CHECK CONNECTOR	₹
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1. Disconnect connectors from ABS actuator and electric unit and wheel sensor of malfunction code No. Check terminals for damage or loose connection. Then reconnect connectors.

2. Carry out self-diagnosis again.

Does	warning	lamn	activate	again?
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	No	>	INSPECTION END
	Yes	>	GO TO 3.
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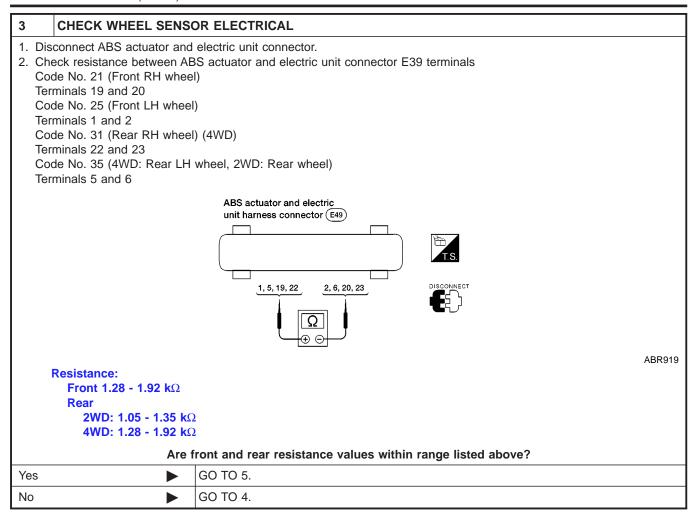
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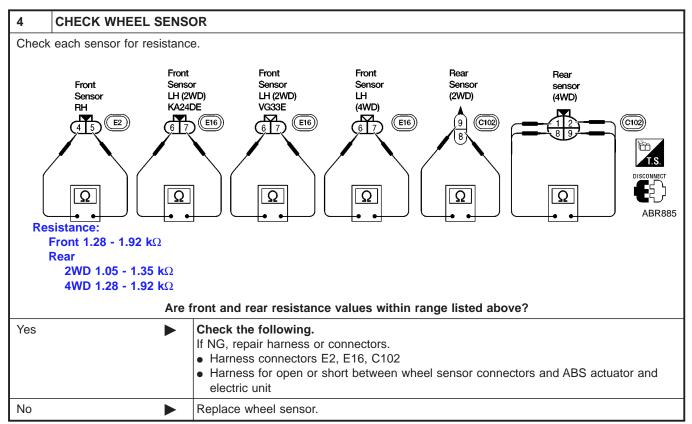
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Wheel Sensor or Rotor (Cont'd)





TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS

ABS

Wheel Sensor or Rotor (Cont'd)

5	CHECK TIRE		
Check	Check for inflation pressure, wear and size of each tire. (See NOTE)		
	Are tire pressure and size correct and is tire wear within specifications?		
Yes	>	GO TO 6.	
No	>	Adjust tire pressure or replace tire(s). (See NOTE)	

6	CHECK WHEEL BEARING		
Chec	Check wheel bearing axial end play. (See NOTE)		
ls v	Is wheel bearing axial end play within specifications? Refer to "On-vehicle Service", "FRONT AXLE", AX-4 and		
	"REAR AXLE", <i>AX-25</i> .		
Yes	>	GO TO 7.	
No	>	Check wheel bearing. Refer to "On-vehicle Service", "FRONT AXLE", AX-4 and "REAR AXLE", AX-25 .	

7	CHECK SENSOR ROTO	DR .
Checl	k sensor rotor for teeth dam	age. (See NOTE)
		Is sensor rotor free from damage?
Yes	>	Check ABS actuator and electric unit pin terminals for damage or the connection of ABS actuator and electric unit harness connector. Reconnect ABS actuator and electric unit harness connector. Then retest.
No	>	Replace sensor rotor. (See NOTE)

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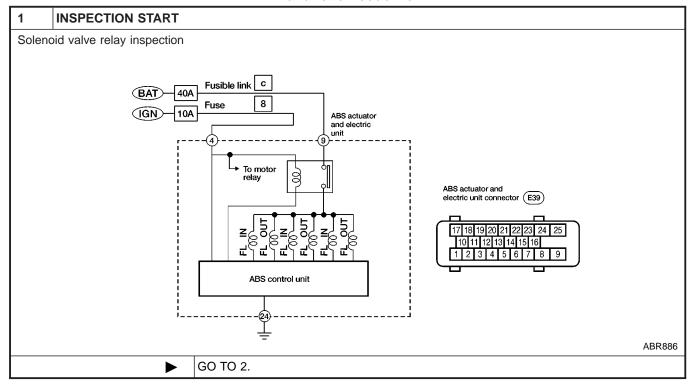
ABS Actuator Solenoid Valve or Solenoid Valve Relay

ABS Actuator Solenoid Valve or Solenoid Valve Relay

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Malfunction code No. 71

=NGBR0105



2	CHECK FUSIBLE LINK		
Check	Check 40A fusible link c . For fusible link layout, refer to "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING", EL-9 .		
	Is fusible link OK?		
Yes	>	GO TO 3.	
No	>	GO TO 6.	

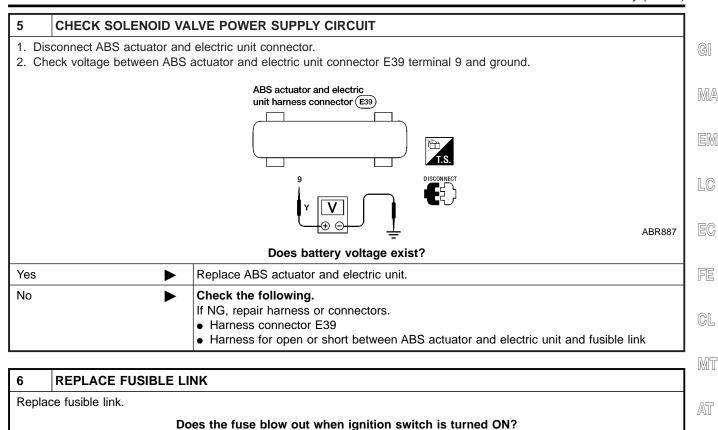
3	CHECK CONNECTOR		
rec	 Disconnect connector from ABS actuator and electric unit. Check terminals for damage or loose connection. Then reconnect connector. Carry out self-diagnosis again. 		
	Does warning lamp activate again?		
Yes	>	GO TO 4.	
No	>	INSPECTION END	

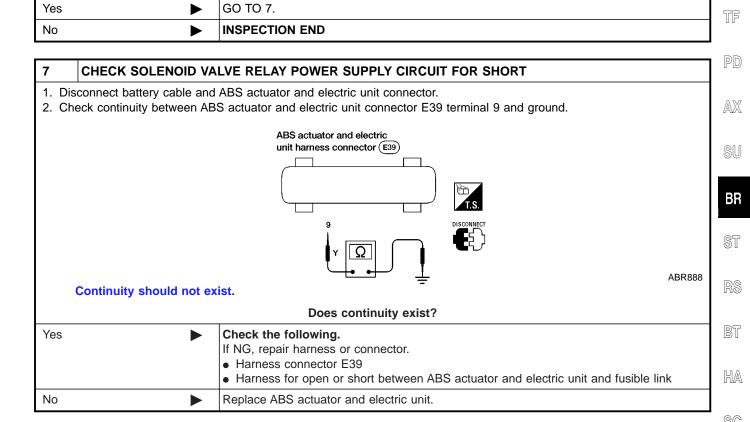
4	CHECK ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT GROUND CIRCUIT		
Refer	Refer to "ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT GROUND" in "Ground Circuit Check", BR-47.		
	Is ground circuit OK?		
Yes	>	GO TO 5.	
No	•	Repair harness or connector.	

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS



ABS Actuator Solenoid Valve or Solenoid Valve Relay (Cont'd)



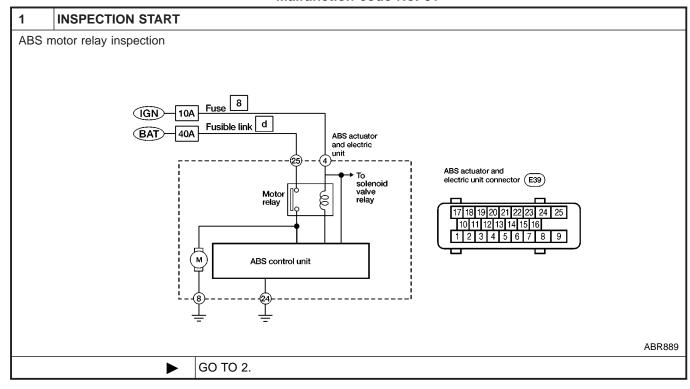


Motor Relay or Motor

Motor Relay or Motor DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Malfunction code No. 61

=NGBR0106



2	CHECK FUSIBLE LINK			
Check	Check 40A fusible link d . For fusible link layout, refer to "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING", <i>EL-9</i> .			
	Is fusible link OK?			
Yes	Yes			
No	•	GO TO 6.		

3	CHECK CONNECTOR		
cor	 Disconnect ABS actuator and electric unit connector. Check terminals for damage or loose connection. Then reconnect connector. Carry out self-diagnosis again. 		
	Does warning lamp activate again?		
Yes	>	GO TO 4.	
No	>	INSPECTION END	

4	CHECK ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT GROUND CIRCUIT		
Refer	Refer to "ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT GROUND" in "Ground Circuit Check", BR-47.		
	Is ground circuit OK?		
Yes	>	GO TO 5.	
No	>	Repair harness or connector.	

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS



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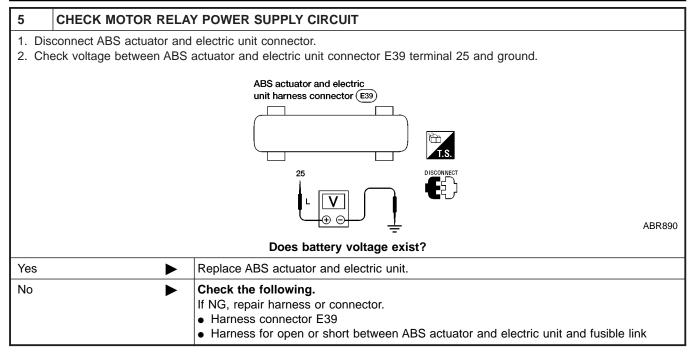
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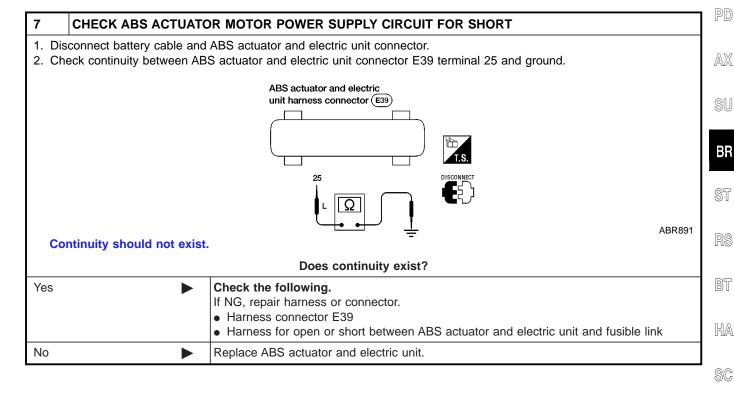
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Motor Relay or Motor (Cont'd)



6	REPLACE FUSIBLE LINK		
Repla	Replace fusible link.		
	Does the fusible link blow out when ignition switch is turned ON?		
Yes	>	GO TO 7.	
No	>	INSPECTION END	

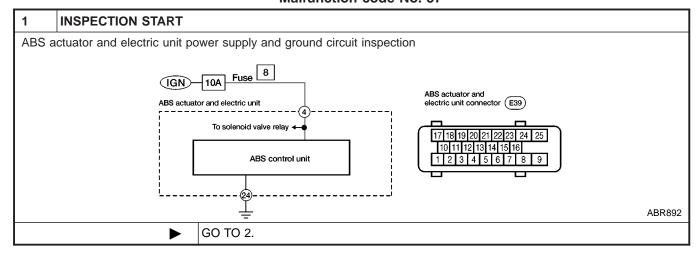


Low Voltage

Low Voltage DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Malfunction code No. 57

NGBR0107



2	CHECK FUSE				
Check	Check 10A fuse No. 8. For fuse layout, refer to "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING", <i>EL-9</i> .				
	Is fuse OK?				
Yes	Yes ▶ GO TO 3.				
No	>	GO TO 6.			

3	CHECK CONNECTOR		
nec	connect ABS actuator and ct connector. ry out self-diagnosis again	electric unit connector. Check terminals for damage or loose connections. Then recon-	
	Does warning lamp activate again?		
Yes	>	GO TO 4.	
No	>	INSPECTION END	

4	CHECK ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT GROUND CIRCUIT		
Refer	Refer to "ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT GROUND" in "Ground Circuit Check", BR-47.		
	Is ground circuit OK?		
Yes	>	GO TO 5.	
No	>	Repair harness or connector.	

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS

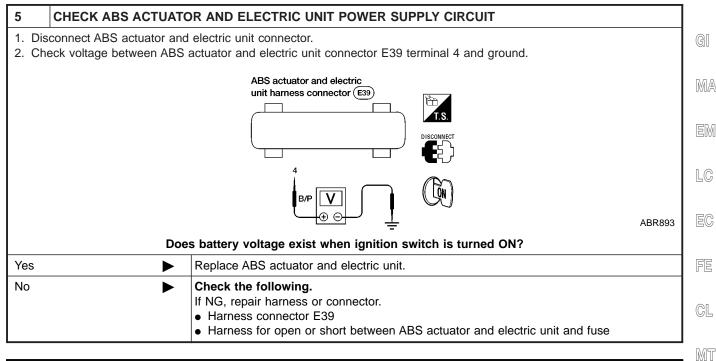


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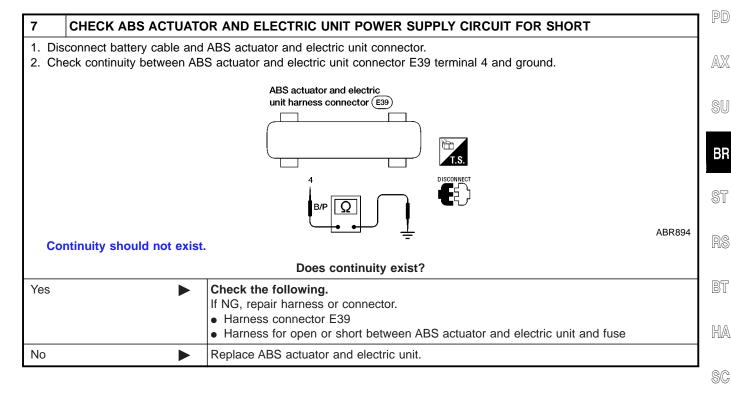
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Low Voltage (Cont'd)



6	REPLACE FUSE		
Repla	Replace fuse.		
	Does the fuse blow out when ignition switch is turned ON?		
Yes	>	GO TO 7.	
No	>	INSPECTION END	

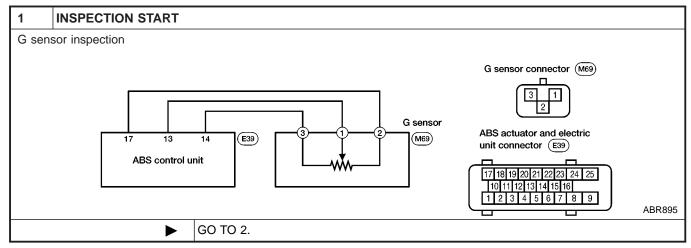


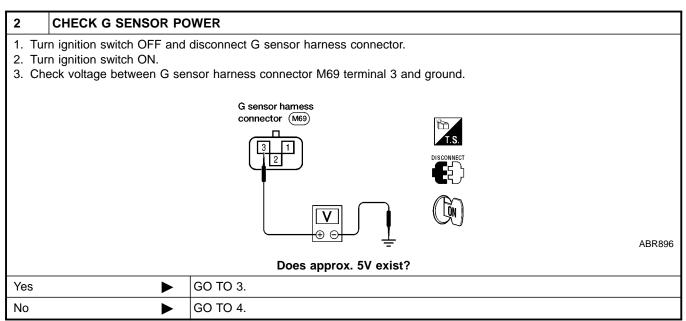
G Sensor and Circuit

G Sensor and Circuit DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Malfunction code No. 17

NGBR0118

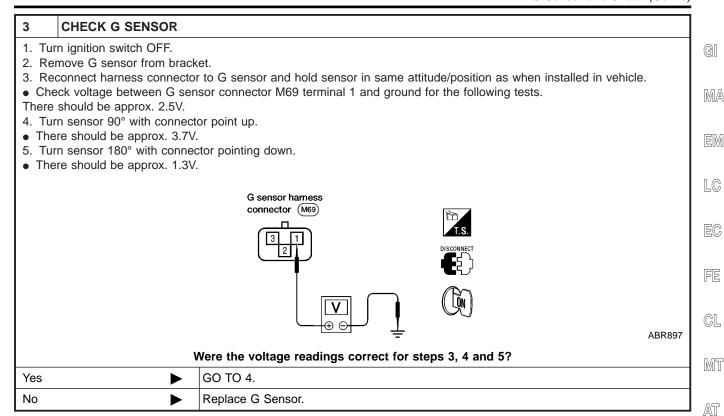




TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS

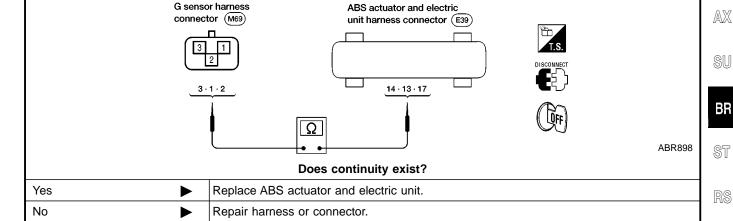


G Sensor and Circuit (Cont'd)





- 1. Disconnect ABS actuator and electric unit connector.
- 2. Check continuity from G sensor connector M69 terminal 3 to ABS actuator and electric unit connector E39 terminal 14.
- 3. Check continuity from G sensor connector M69 terminal 1 to ABS actuator and electric unit connector E39 terminal 13.
- 4. Check continuity from G sensor connector M69 terminal 2 to ABS actuator and electric unit connector E39 terminal 17.



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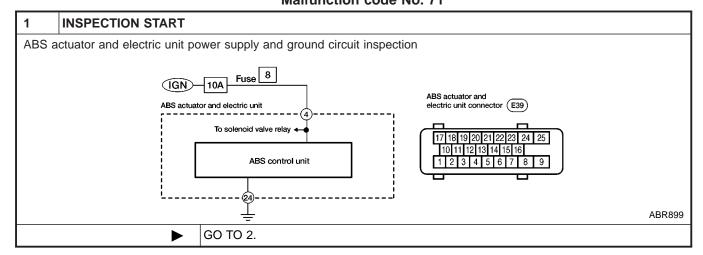
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Control Unit DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE Malfunction code No. 71

en code No. 71



2	CHECK CONNECTOR		
Che	 Disconnect ABS actuator and electric unit connector. Check terminals for damage or loose connection. Then reconnect connector. Carry out self-diagnosis again. 		
	Does warning lamp activate again?		
Yes	>	GO TO 3.	
No	>	INSPECTION END	

3	CHECK ABS ACTUATO	R AND ELECTRIC UNIT POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT	
	Check voltage. Refer to "5. CHECK ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT" in "DIAGNOS-TIC PROCEDURE", "Low Voltage", BR-56.		
	Does battery voltage exist when ignition switch is turned ON?		
Yes	>	GO TO 4.	
No		Repair.	

4	CHECK WARNING LAMP INDICATION		
Does warning lamp indicate code No. 71 again?			
	Yes or No		
Yes	Yes Replace ABS actuator and electric unit.		
No	>	Inspect the system according to the code No.	

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1. ABS Works Frequently

1. ABS Works Frequently

		- NGBRO:	109
1	CHECK BRAKE FLUID	PRESSURE	
Check	Check brake fluid pressure distribution.		
		Is brake fluid pressure distribution normal?	
Yes	>	GO TO 2.	7
No	>	Repair. Then perform Preliminary Check. Refer to BR-44.	

2	CHECK WHEEL SENSOR		
Check wheel sensor connector for terminal damage or loose connections.			
	 Perform wheel sensor mechanical check. Refer to "7. CHECK SENSOR ROTOR" in "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", "Wheel Sensor or Rotor", BR-49. 		
	Is wheel sensor mechanism OK?		
Yes	Yes ▶ GO TO 3.		
No	•	Repair.	

3	CHECK FRONT AXLE		
Check	Check front axles for excessive looseness. Refer to "Front Wheel Bearing", "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE", AX-4.		
	Is front axle installed properly?		
Yes Go to "3. CHECK WARNING LAMP INDICATION" in "2. Unexpected Pedal Action", BR-61.			
No	>	Repair.	

2. Unexpected Pedal Action

1 CHECK BRAKE PEDAL STROKE

Check brake pedal stroke.

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Is brake pedal stroke excessively large?

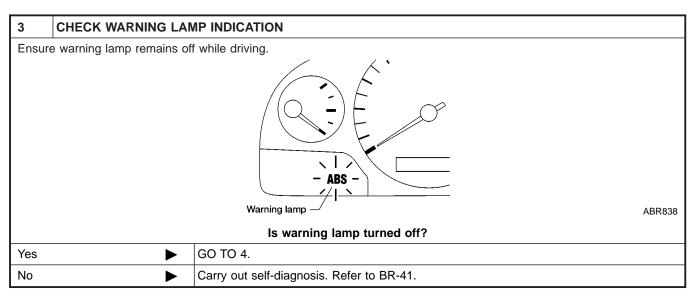
Yes Perform Preliminary Check. Refer to BR-44.

No GO TO 2.

ABS

2. Unexpected Pedal Action (Cont'd)

2	CHECK MECHANICAL BRAKE SYSTEM PERFORMANCE		
Disco	Disconnect ABS actuator and electric unit connector and check whether brake is effective.		
	Does brake system function properly when brake pedal is depressed?		
Yes	Yes ▶ GO TO 3.		
No	>	Perform Preliminary Check. Refer to BR-44.	



4	CHECK WHEEL SENSO	DR .	
2. Pe	 Check wheel sensor connector for terminal damage or loose connection. Perform wheel sensor mechanical check. Refer to "7. CHECK SENSOR ROTOR" in "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", "Wheel Sensor or Rotor", BR-49. 		
	Is wheel sensor mechanism OK?		
Yes	Yes Check ABS actuator and electric unit pin terminals for damage or the connection of ABS actuator and electric unit harness connector. Reconnect ABS actuator and electric unit harness connector. Then retest.		
No	>	Repair.	



3. Long Stopping Distance

3. Long Stopping Distance

NGBR0111	

1	CHECK MECHANICAL BRAKE SYSTEM PERFORMANCE		
Discor	Disconnect ABS actuator and electric unit connector and check whether stopping distance is still long.		
	Does brake system function properly when brake pedal is depressed?		
Yes	Yes Perform Preliminary Check and air bleeding (if necessary).		
No	-	Go to "3. CHECK WARNING LAMP INDICATION" in "2. Unexpected Pedal Action", BR-61.	

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NOTE:

CHECK WARNING LAMP INDICATION

BR-61.

Does the ABS warning lamp activate?

Yes

No

Stopping distance may be longer for vehicles without ABS when road condition is slippery.











4. ABS Does Not Work

Go to "3. CHECK WARNING LAMP INDICATION" in "2. Unexpected Pedal Action",

ABS does not work when vehicle speed is under 10 km/h (6 MPH).

Yes or No

Carry out self-diagnosis. Refer to BR-41.

NOTE:

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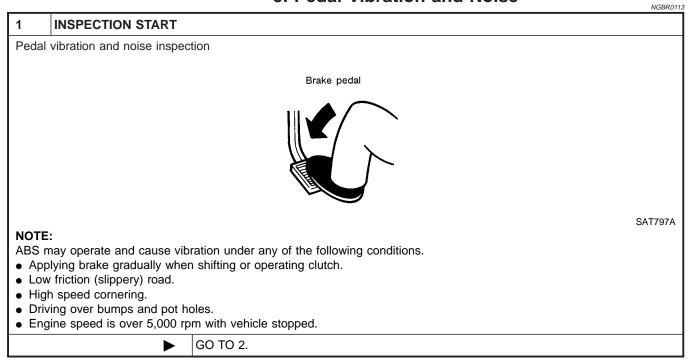


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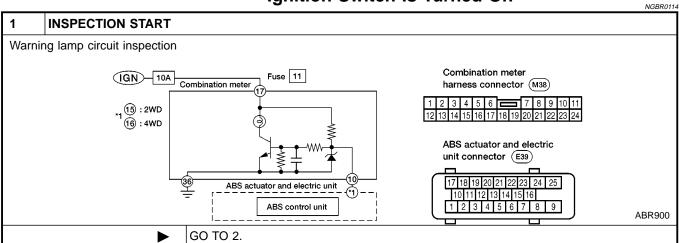
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5. Pedal Vibration and Noise



2	CHECK SYMPTOM		
	 Apply brake. Start engine. 		
	Does the symptom appear only when engine is started?		
Yes	Yes Carry out self-diagnosis. Refer to BR-41.		
No	Go to "3. CHECK WARNING LAMP INDICATION" in "2. Unexpected Pedal Action", BR-61.		

6. Warning Lamp Does Not Come On When Ignition Switch Is Turned On



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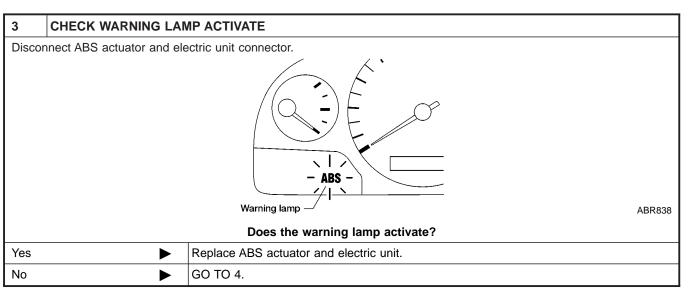
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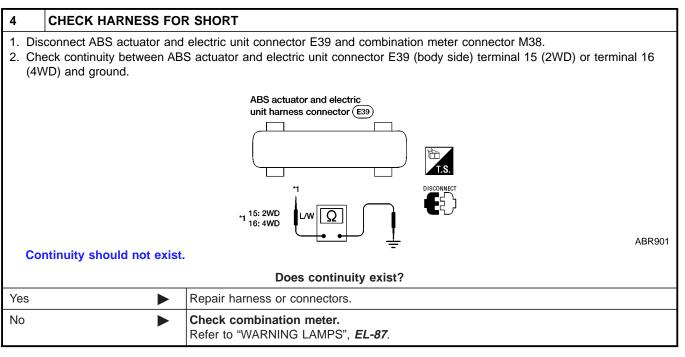
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6. Warning Lamp Does Not Come On When Ignition Switch Is Turned On (Cont'd)

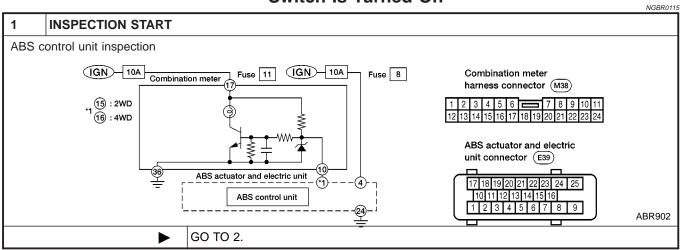
2	CHECK FUSE		1	
Check 10A fuse No. 11. For fuse layout, refer to "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING", <i>EL-9</i> .				
Is fuse OK?				
Yes	>	GO TO 3.	1	
No	•	Replace fuse.		

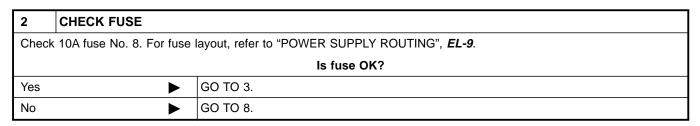




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7. Warning Lamp Stays On When Ignition Switch Is Turned On





3	CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR				
	Check ABS actuator and electric unit pin terminals for damage or bad connection of ABS actuator and electric unit harness connector. Reconnect ABS actuator and electric unit harness connector. Then retest.				
Does warning lamp stay on when ignition switch is turned ON?					
Yes	>	GO TO 4.			
No	>	INSPECTION END			

4	CHECK ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT GROUND CIRCUIT				
Refer to "ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT GROUND" in "Ground Circuit Check", BR-47.					
Is ground circuit OK?					
Yes	>	GO TO 5.			
No	>	Repair harness or connector.			

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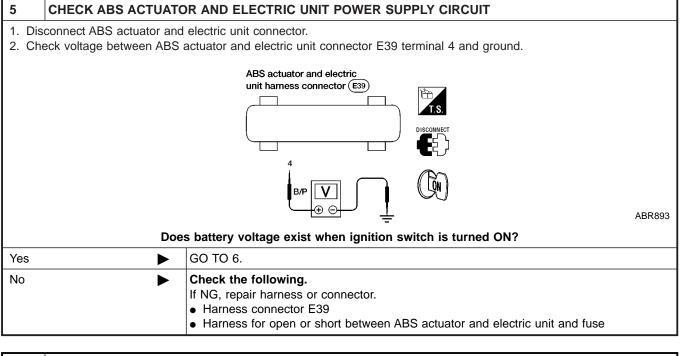
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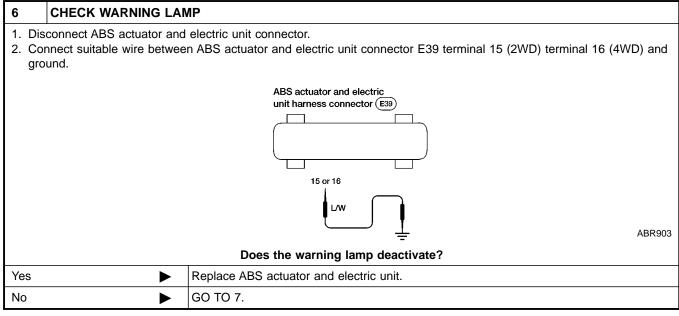
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7. Warning Lamp Stays On When Ignition Switch Is Turned On (Cont'd)





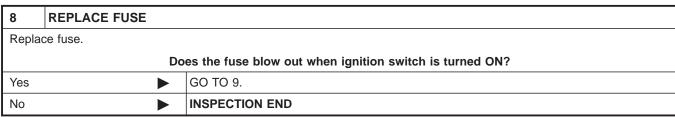
DW.

ABS

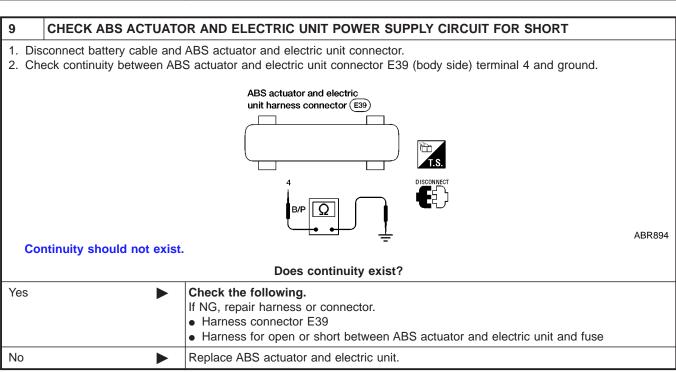
7. Warning Lamp Stays On When Ignition Switch Is Turned On (Cont'd)

No

CHECK ABS WARNING LAMP CONTROL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN 1. Disconnect combination meter connector M38. 2. Check continuity between combination meter connector M38 (body side) terminal 10 and ABS actuator and electric unit connector E39 (body side) terminal 15 (2WD) or terminal 16 (4WD). NOTE: Connect positive lead of multimeter to combination meter connector M38 (body side) terminal 10 and negative lead to ABS actuator and electric unit connector E39 (body side) terminal 15 (2WD) or terminal 16 (4WD). ABS actuator and electric unit harness connector (E39) Combination meter harness connector (M38) 1 2 3 4 5 6 OR 15 or 16 OR ABR921 Continuity should exist. Does continuity exist? Check combination meter. Yes Refer to "WARNING LAMPS", EL-87.



Repair harness or connectors.

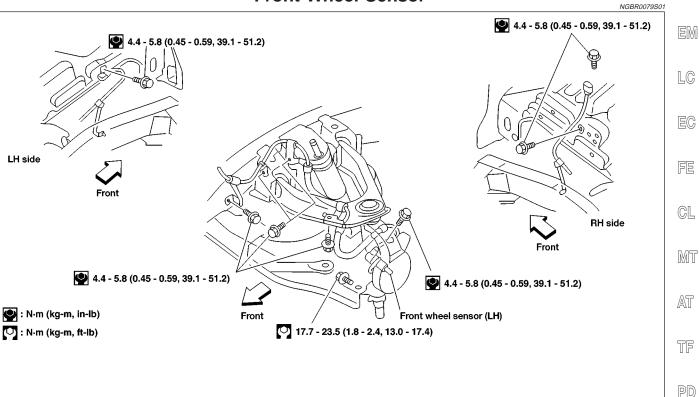


CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage sensor edge and sensor rotor teeth. When removing the front or rear wheel hub assembly, disconnect the ABS wheel sensor from the assembly and move it away.

MA

Front Wheel Sensor



Rear Wheel Sensor 4WD MODELS

NGBR0079S02

ABR869

BR

ST

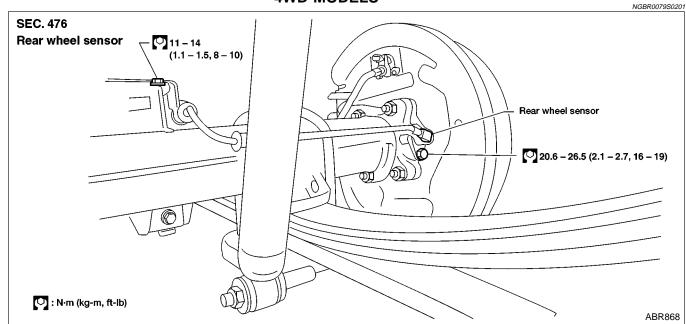
BT

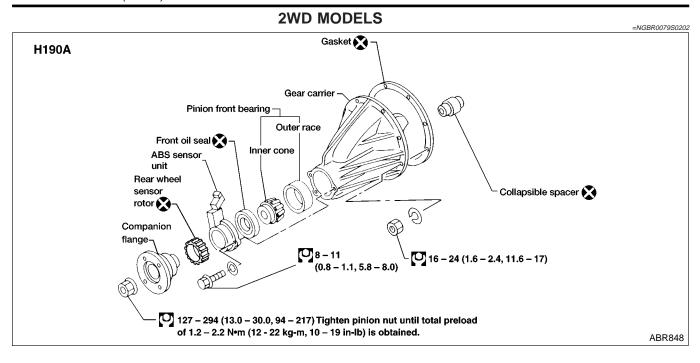
HA

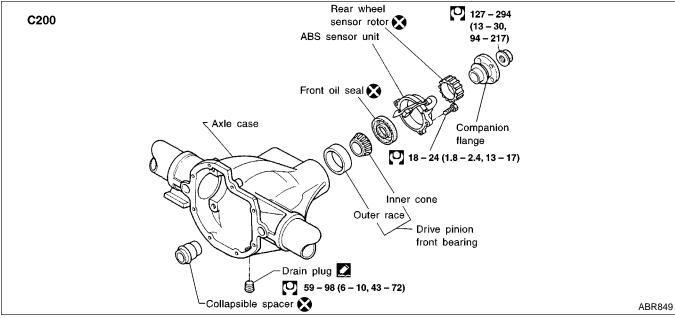
SC

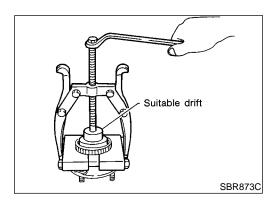
EL

SU









Front Sensor Rotor REMOVAL

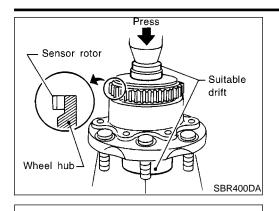
NGBR0079S03

- Remove the front wheel hub. Refer to **AX-11**("FRONT AXLE").
- Remove the sensor rotor using suitable puller, drift and bearing replacer.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

NGBR0079S0302

Front Sensor Rotor (Cont'd)



Sensor rotor

Suitable drift

KV40106500

(J25852-B)

ARA097

SBR402D

Suitable

drift

INSTALLATION

Install the sensor rotor using suitable drift and press.

- Always replace sensor rotor with new one.
- Pay attention to the direction of front sensor rotor as shown in figure.



MA

LC

Rear Sensor Rotor (4WD) **REMOVAL**

Remove the sensor rotor using Tool.



NGBR0079S0401

GL

MIT



Install the sensor rotor using suitable drift and press.



- Always replace sensor rotor with new one.
- Pay attention to the direction of front sensor rotor as shown in figure.



Rear Sensor Rotor (2WD) REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

wires making the sensor inoperative.

NGBR0079S08 NGBR0079S0801

In case the final drive assembly needs to be removed, disconnect the ABS sensor from the final drive assembly and move it away. Failure to do so may result in damage to the sensor

For final drive models using collapsible spacer (H190A, C200), bearing preload must be adjusted whenever companion flange is removed. Therefore, final drive overhaul is required.

Be careful not to damage sensor edge and sensor rotor teeth.

G Sensor

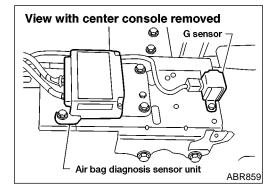
CAUTION:

Always replace G sensor if bumped or dropped. Otherwise, performance characteristics of G sensor will be changed, in changes ABS turn control performance characteristics.



SC



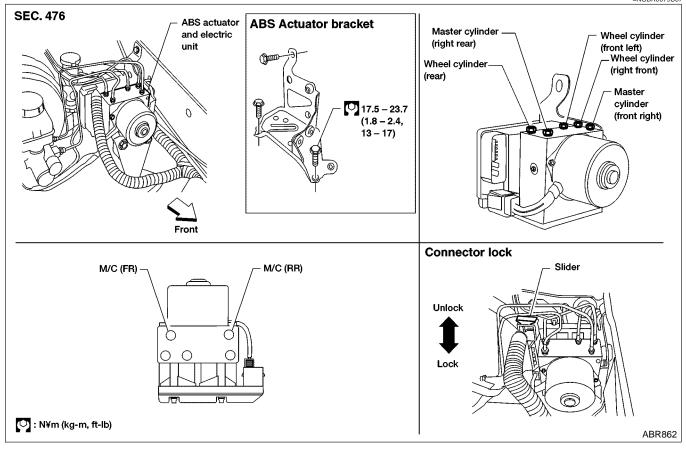






ABS Actuator and Electric Unit





REMOVAL

NGBR0079S0701

- 1. Disconnect battery cable.
- 2. Drain brake fluid. Refer to "Changing Brake Fluid", BR-6.
- 3. Remove mounting bracket fixing bolts and nuts.
- 4. Disconnect connector, brake pipes and remove fixing nuts and actuator ground cable.

INSTALLATION

NGBR0079S0702

CAUTION:

After installation, refill brake fluid. Then bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System", BR-8.

1. Tighten actuator ground cable.

Place ground cable at a notch of mounting bracket.

- 2. Connect brake pipes temporarily.
- 3. Tighten fixing bolts and nuts.
- 4. Tighten brake pipes.
- 5. Connect connector and battery cable.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specifications

	General Specification	15	Unit: mm (in
Applied model		KA24DE	VG33E
	Brake model	CL33VD	
	Cylinder bore diameter × number of pistons	46.4 (1.827) × 2	
Front brake	Pad Length × width × thickness	132.0 × 52.5 × 11 (5.20 × 2.067 × 0.43)	
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness	283 x 28(11.14 × 1.10)	
	Brake model	LT30A	
	Cylinder bore diameter	22.23 (7/8)	
Rear brake		296 × 50 × 5.8 (11.65 × 1.97 × 0.228)	
	Drum inner diameter	295.0 (11.61)	
Master cylinder	Bore diameter	25.40 (1)	
	Valve model	Proportioning valve	within master cylinder
Control valve	Split point kPa (kg/cm², psi) × reducing ratio	2,942 (30, 427) × 0.2	
	Booster model	M2	215T
Brake booster	Diaphragm diameter	Pri: 230 (9.06) Sec: 205 (8.07)	Pri: 230 (9.06) Sec: 230 (9.06)
Recommended brake fluid		DOT 3	
Draka madal	Disc Brake	013	Unit: mm (in)
Pad wear limit	Minimum thickness	CL33VD	
Rotor repair limit	Minimum thickness	2.0 (0.079) 26.0 (1.024)	
	Drum Brake		
			NGBR008: Unit: mm (in)
Brake model		LT	Unit: mm (in)
Brake model Lining wear limit	Minimum thickness		Unit: mm (in)
Lining wear limit	Minimum thickness Maximum inner diameter	1.5 (0	Unit: mm (in)
Brake model Lining wear limit Drum repair limit		1.5 (0	Unit: mm (in) 30A 3.059)
Lining wear limit	Maximum inner diameter	1.5 (0	Unit: mm (in) 30A 0.059) (11.67)
Lining wear limit	Maximum inner diameter Out-of-round limit	1.5 (0	Unit: mm (in) 30A 0.059) (11.67) 0.0012)
Lining wear limit Drum repair limit	Maximum inner diameter Out-of-round limit	1.5 (0 296.5 0.03 (0	Unit: mm (in) 30A 0.059) (11.67) 0.0012) Unit: mm (in)
Lining wear limit Drum repair limit Transmission Free height "H"* Depressed height "D"	Maximum inner diameter Out-of-round limit Brake Pedal	1.5 (0 296.5 0.03 (0 M/T 191 - 201	Unit: mm (in) 30A 0.059) (11.67) 0.0012) Unit: mm (in) A/T 201 - 211
Lining wear limit Drum repair limit Transmission Free height "H"* Depressed height "D" [under force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb]	Maximum inner diameter Out-of-round limit Brake Pedal	1.5 (0 296.5 0.03 (0 M/T 191 - 201 (7.52 - 7.91) 100 (3.94)	Unit: mm (in) 30A 0.059) (11.67) 0.0012) Unit: mm (in) A/T 201 - 211 (7.91 - 8.31)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Parking Brake Control

	NGBR0084	
		Unit: notch
Control Type	STICK	
Lever stroke [under force of 196 N (20 kg, 44 lb)]	10 - 12	
Lever stroke when warning switch comes on	1	